Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real nam of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

FRANKLIN. B GOWEN has been re-elected President of the Reading railroad. There was no opposition.

ANOTHER good Democrat gone wrong. Treasurer Polk of Tennessee tried to get away with $400,000. Reform is necessary.

TENNESSEE, between repudiation and thieving officials, continues to be a good state for both capital and labor to stay away from.

IT would take from the treasury of the United States more than thirty-six million dollars annually if Congress abolishes the tax on tobacco.

REFORMER HENSEL is said to be delighted that fifty women at a salary of one dollar each per week (!) were lopped off the scrubbing brigade at Harrisburg. He thinks that is a long stride toward reform. Big salaries, however, were undisturbed.

CHIEF CLERK MEEK, according to a dispatch in the Philadelphia *Times* is figuring as a champion reformer, confining his efforts, however, to pages and scrub-women, reducing the number of such persons about one-half. We think these model reformers are beginning at the wrong end. They will deprive poor scrub-women of remunerative work and put some extra change in their own pockets. Consistency, thou art a jewel, and Meek's a diamond.

THE report comes from New York that William H. Vanderbilt has promised to make a gift to that city which will be a finer monument to his name than any that could be built of bronze or marble. The scheme is to purchase a certain tract of land in the heart of the city, erect thereon a building suitable for a free art gallery, and fill it at his own private expense with the best works of art that the world affords or that money will purchase. The estimated cost of the building and paintings is set down at $5,000,000.

AT the close of the war, it was learnedly demonstrated that the negroes in the Southern States would gradually die out. Instead of that, however, they are increasing at a rate altogether unequaled in history. During the last decade, the whites in the south only increased 20.20 per cent., notwithstanding a considerable immigration from Europe and the Northern States; the negroes, meanwhile, with no external additions, and (in cities) with nearly double the death-rate of the whites, increased 34.67 per cent.

IN the death of the Hon. Lot M. Morrill, who died on Wednesday the 10th, after a long and painful illness, Maine loses one of her oldest and most conspicuous statesmen. He commenced his political career in 1854, and from that time down to the day of his death he has been almost uninterruptedly in office. Among the various offices he filled may be mentioned those of governor and United States Senator, and he discharged the duties of the latter with signal ability. His death will be deeply mourned by the people.

THE *Watchman* says Clerk Webster and Controller Knox, of Washington, don't speak to each other, and exclaims, "Ah, me! when will this Union be safe, anyhow?" Why, when that quartette of "reform" heroes,—Pattison, Cassidy, Faunse and Meek,—gets settled down to business at Harrisburg. Then the country will be safe, sure, and the reform will begin to roll over the state. However, we would advise the State treasurer to keep an eye on the vaults, because Democratic reformers sometimes turn out to be shysters.

The Poll Tax Corruption.

A few copies of the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN are sent to the New England States and more than one copy finds its way into the State of Massachusetts, but we did not think that Gen. Benjamin F. Butler, now Governor of that State, would read them so carefully as his inaugural address shows he has done. What he says in his inaugural in regard to the manner in which the poll tax is levied, together with the hindrance to freedom of suffrage which it entails, accords so exactly with an editorial that appeared in the REPUBLICAN on the 6th day of April, 1881, that we are almost inclined to think the widowed statesman got his ideas on the subject from that source.

The editorial in question contained the draft of a bill, drawn up, we believe, by a distinguished gentleman of this place, and by him submitted to the proper legislative committee to be presented in due form. But the Pennsylvania statesmen were afraid of it, not having quite so much courage as Governor Butler. The same gentleman is now making another effort in a similar direction, with good prospects of success. It is altogether probable that the bill, or one containing all of its principal features, will be heard of in the Legislature ere long, as a Republican has been found having sufficient back-bone to brave all the dangers which its presentation will bring upon him.

The bill which the REPUBLICAN had the honor to publish at that time is as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., Sec. 1. There shall annually be levied upon all male citizens, over twenty-one years of age, a poll tax of two dollars and fifty cents, in addition to the poll tax prescribed by the constitution for county and city uses, collectable as other taxes are.

Sec. 2. The board of election officers, of each district, shall grant at the time of voting, to each voter, who shall have voted at a general election in their district, a certificate that he has so voted; the same being delivered to the collector of State taxes shall be accepted, and returned to the county commissioners as a full discharge for the poll tax levied for that year upon the individual named in the certificate.

Sec. 3. The tax collector authorized to collect said poll tax is hereby authorized and empowered to grant to all persons who were unable to vote at the general election for the year, by reason, either of extreme age, or feebleness, illness or unavoidable absence from the county, and to the unqualified voter, upon the oath or affirmation of the person against whom said poll tax is assessed, and one other reputable citizen, a certificate of the fact, which certificate the collector shall return to the county commissioners as a full discharge of the poll tax, of the individual named therein, for the year. And any wilful or fraudulent issue or return of excuse certificates, by any tax collector, shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction in the Court of Quarter Sessions, such tax collector shall be subject to a fine of not less than fifty dollars, and imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months at the discretion of the Court.

Sec. 4. In cities and districts where tax collectors are not employed the receiver of taxes—before whom voters may appear in person or by proxy—are hereby authorized and empowered to grant excuse certificates, for the purpose and to the end set forth in section 3d of this act; and any refusal to do so, or any misuse of powers herein granted shall be deemed a misdemeanor and the same shall be punishable as set forth in section 3d of this act.

Sec. 5. All laws or parts of laws inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Governor Butler, in his inaugural, said:

"The poll-tax should be assessed as part of the city or town tax, and for their use only. Let a nominal poll-tax for State purposes be assessed as now on the polls of citizens, and then if any citizen chooses to pay it, by doing his duty as a citizen by voting, let that act be a discharge and payment of such tax. The tax should be collected in the middle of August, when the laboring men can pay it with the least difficulty. Such a change of time of collecting the tax would relieve our elections from a practice which has obtained of late, of committees of the respective political parties paying the poll-tax for voters in order to have the voter registered who, it is supposed, will vote with those who will pay his tax. No more vicious practice could possibly exist."

Thus it will be seen that the REPUBLICAN advanced the same sentiments in regard to the poll tax corruption that are paraded as one of the unique and prominent parts of Governor Butler's inaugural, and that, too, *twenty-one months ago.*

Strikes and Strikers in Mid-Winter.

"The workman is worthy of his hire," and if the workman always received the value of his services the discontent and ill-feeling so prevalent and increasing to alarming proportions of late would never have existed. During the summer of '82 strikes of great magnitude were inaugurated and continued during the most of that season, causing a feeling of intense anxiety among all persons who are concerned for the best interest of labor and capital. But at last they ended and it was confidently expected—by the REPUBLICAN, at least—that the laborers would continue at work during the winter, if no longer. It is not usual for strikes to be commenced in the winter season, but we are positively alarmed at the all too evident feeling of discontent which is not even suppressed, and that, too, while wintry winds are sweeping down from the north and coal is being drawn up the chimney with alarming rapidity. What must be the unjust burdens under which men are laboring to strike in mid-winter! Yet we read that the "moulders of Pittsburgh and Allegheny to the number of three hundred decided on Tuesday night, January 9, to quit work rather than accept the reduction ordered by the employers, to go into effect the 4th of next month."

We seldom look at a newspaper which does not contain a notice of a reduction in the wages of the employes of some large establishment, many times when we do not believe such a reduction at all necessary. It is certain that wealth among capitalists is increasing remarkably and the owner of from $10,000,000 to $100,000,000 is not at all rare. It is certain that rich men are proportionately much richer than they were ten years ago. Has the standing of the laboring man increased in the same ratio? We trow not. Indeed, we do not believe that laborers in the several departments are receiveing as much wages as they did ten years ago; we know of men who exert the same capabilities, with added experience, whose wages have been *reduced* one-half.

The American laborer is not a finished political economist and has no *theories* as to the cause of this state of affairs. He knows that something is wrong, and it is but natural for him to suppose that injustice is being practiced upon him. For this reason he will rebel. Perhaps for a hundred years he and his children will continue to rebel and be beaten every time; but sometime a trail of blood will desolate the land from end to end and labor will triumph. In this history will but be repeated. We have said that this *will* take place, but we have hopes that it *will not*—that capital will see its fatal mistake and may make such concessions to labor as will result in a period of unexampled peace and prosperity. It can be done and we have hopes that it will be done. Organization among laborers should not be restricted any more than among capitalists, but strikes should not be countenanced. Laborers should make their demands in a respectful manner and employers have no right to turn away from them carelessly and unconcernedly. Reason between the two elements should be brought to bear, and both sides should be willing to make concessions. Laborers, try it when you feel aggrieved; and capitalists, turn a listening ear. The problem which has vexed statesmen of all ages is not a difficult one. Its solution is simply this: Employers should consult the interests of employes, and employes should understand that their prosperity is identical with that of their employers.

LUMBERMEN are very busy.

The Fatal Flames.

One of the most frightful conflagrations of modern times—especially in its tragic scenes and incidents and the number of victims that perished in the flames—was that of the burning of the Newhall House in Milwaukee, Wis., on the morning of the 10th instant. It is estimated that one hundred and eighteen lives were lost either by the unfortunate guests and servants jumping from windows upon the hard pavement below or burning to death in the flames. The description is quite heartrending in its details. At the time the fire was discovered, 4 o'clock a. m., all the guests were sleeping, and in half an hour the entire building was enveloped in flames. Scenes of the utmost terror prevailed.

The shrieks of the unfortunates filled the air in a heartrending manner. The people below were unable to render any aid. Quite a number of the terrified guests and employes of the hotel appeared at the windows and seeing the distance to the ground fell back to perish in the flames.

The employes of the hotel, which accommodated eight hundred guests, numbered eighty-six, mostly lodged in the sixth story. Exit by way of the roof was cut off by the fire, and the two standpipes with the fire ladders, were not available for the same reason. A very few were saved by jumping on canvas.

A deed of heroism was recorded worthy of unqualified praise. Ed. Rymer and Herman Strauss, of Truck No. 1, appeared on the roof of the bank building at a critical juncture, directly opposite the servants' quarter, ladder in hand. For a moment the unwieldy ladder was poised in mid-air, and then descended with a crash through a window of the hotel. It formed a bridge across the alley, and before it became steady in position men had crossed into the hotel. Then, amid the cheers of the multitude below, they dragged the helpless creatures across the slender bridge, until fully a dozen were rescued. All were in their night clothes, and many were badly frozen before reaching shelter.

A woman in dead faint was dragged across in safety, but at one time the whole of her body hung over clear of the ladder while a brave man held her by one ankle. The crowd below held their breath in suspense, expecting every moment to see the ladder turn over or break. The man, however, was equal to the emergency. By a herculean effort he pulled her upon the slender bridge and finally placed her out of danger, while the crowd which had endured the most painful suspense for several minutes burst forth in round after round of applause.

A SENSIBLE suggestion from the Harrisburg *Telegraph:* The Democratic managers are enthusiastic in their applause of the practical measures of reform which they have carried into effect thus early in the session. The number of pages have been reformed from fifteen down to six and char-women from one hundred and fifteen to twenty-five. Now let this sweeping reduction be followed up by giving each legislator eleven hours pay, the amount of actual service rendered to the Commonwealth during the first eleven days of the session.

THE Democratic reformers at Harrisburg made the scrub women suffer more than any other class. Only 65 were appointed, when the usual number was 115. This is a bold stroke for reform, by taking the bread from the mouths of poor widows; the fifty thus cut off saves about fifty dollars a week. And the reformers howl. The members don't suffer, however.

IT has taken Ben Butler since 1859, when he was first a candidate, to become governor of one state. At the same rate of progress, how long will it take him to become President of all the states?

The Difference.

The *Watchman* most decidedly "gave itself away" in the issue of the 12th instant. It called attention to the fact that Mr. Breslin, a Democrat and editor of the Lebanon *Advertiser* is "in favor of an amendment to the constitution of the State which will repeal the clause which makes the payment of a State or county tax a necessary qualification."

Then the *Watchman* falsely states that "Senator Cooper, chairman of the Republican State committee, has introduced a bill into the Senate at Harrisburg, which imposes an annual tax of two dollars and fifty cents on every voter, no matter whether he receives the franchise or not."

The editor of the *Watchman* is either woefully ignorant of the meaning of the English language or he is unpardonably careless. Let him read the second section of the bill introduced into the Senate by Mr. Cooper. We publish it in another column as originating in this office and it is the same bill that Senator Cooper seeks to have passed. The second section says, "The board of election officers, of each district, shall grant at the time of voting, to each voter, who shall have voted at a general election in their district, a certificate that he has so voted; the same being delivered to the collector of State taxes shall be accepted, and returned to the county commissioners as *a full discharge for the poll tax levied for that year upon the individual named in the certificate.*"

The language is very plain, relieving the citizen who attends to his duty of voting, *of all poll tax* and laying a tax only on those who refuse to take their part in bringing about good government. The *Watchman* has made an awkward error. We know of no remedy except a course of composition in a good school or a pair of spectacles.

SOME of the leading journals, says the Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin*, think there is much significance for the South in the question addressed to General Sherman by Governor General Lorne, in behalf of his wife. The letter of the Marquis inquired if it would be safe for the Princess Louise to winter in Charleston. Why did he think it might not be safe? The answer to that question will show the southern people that the impression still prevails in Europe that crimes of violence are so frequent at the South that it is perilous to live there. It is of the utmost importance to the people of the southern states to have that impression removed. It has been but a few years since northern people have felt that their lives and property would be safe if they established themselves at the South, and it is because Europe has not had the knowledge that it would be safe to go there that so few of the vast multitude of immigrants have established themselves in southern states. General Sherman's emphatic response that there is no safer or pleasanter place in the United States in which the Princess Louise can spend the winter, puts the South under obligation to him. If the Princess abandons her plan to winter in Bermuda and chooses Charleston, instead, her presence there will advertise the fact to all Europe that no one need be afraid to live in our southeran states. The southern people have much to gain in abolishing the free use of the shotgun and the bowie and in rigidly enforcing the law against murder.

MR. BRESLIN, a Democratic editor, at Lebanon, is in favor of abolishing the poll tax. The REPUBLICAN, almost two years ago, advocated the same doctrine in the case of those who performed their duty at the polls, but advocated taxing those who refused to perform that duty. We continue to consider the REPUBLICAN'S plan the better one. All Republicans are in favor of free suffrage; but Democrats would restrain it.

GENERAL NOTES.

New York has returned to its old Sunday.

Austria and Hungary are becoming heavy exporters of corn.

An Indian's widow is expected to keep in morning for twenty moons.

"Cash in hand, yet bankrupt," was a Chicago minister's text last Sunday.

Five retail grocers have failed in the city of Milwaukee, since December 10.

A post of the Grand Army of the Republic has been established in Honolulu.

One Chicago pawnshop has loaned money on 2,200 revolvers during the past year.

Tramps rob street car drivers in Memphis. They are having hard times in Memphis.

France buys twice as much food as it sells, and Germany eats more corn than it grows.

Mrs. M. L. French Sheldon, in Paris, has just finished in clay a bust of Henry M. Stanley.

The Rev. Dr. Hepworth writes in favor of preaching old sermons, provided they are good.

A Massachusetts soldier has just been paid $440 by the Goverment for a toe which he lost in the war.

The King of Siam is a subscriber to—but the name of the paper will be found in the paper that boasts of it.

Christine Nillson changed hotels at Omaha because the landlord refused to furnish her with a lunch in bed.

St. Louis Germans have raised several thousand dollars for the relief of the sufferers by the floods in Germany.

The Waltham Watch Company made its 2,000,000th watch the other day, and the thirty foremen in the works had a big dinner.

Mrs. Hannah Stilwagon, of Yonkers, N. Y. celebrated her one hundreth birthday recently. She still rides for three hours every day.

The island of St. Helena, to which Napoleon I. was banished, covers an area of forty-seven miles, and has a population of 6,241 people.

Rev. R. H. Cobb, a local preacher of Taunton Mass., has stepped down and out to avoid an investigation of charges of cruelty to his wife.

While Dr. S. M. Ballard, of Aubodon, Iowa, was lying sick in bed he was attacked by a burglar who secured $2,100 and made his escape.

Dr. Deems in his prayer at the New York Church of the Strangers, on a recent Sunday night, asked the Almighty to convert the choir.

Desiring money to complete a space already begun, a watchmaker in Springfield, Mass. pawned all the watches he had in hand to repair.

Steamers from New York for Europe, on Saturday, the 6th, took out 7,000,000 whitefish eggs, 35,000 brook-trout eggs and 150,000 lake-trout eggs.

Thatcher Perkins, a celebrated machanic died at Baltimore on Tuesday, the 9th. His greatest invention is known as the Perkins ten-wheel.

The managers of a Keokuk cemetery would not allow a man to bury his amputated leg in their grounds until he procured a permit from the coronor.

A Nebraska man took a dose of Paris green because he lost $50, but immediately afterward started for a doctor and offered him $1,000 to save his life.

A raid was made by the police in Washington last week upon thirteen policy shops, and the proprietors, employes and paraphernalia were captured.

C. T. Doxie, republican, has been elected to Congress from the ninth Indiana district to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hon. Godlove S. Orth.

By the explosion of fire damp in a coal mine near Coulterville, Ill., on Monday afternoon, the 8th, nine miners, eight of whom leave families, lost their lives.

Paul Duboison, who was hanged at Quebec last week, followed customs handed down to him by his ancestors. His father and grandfather died on the gallows.

A porcelain maker of Kiyoto in Japan, who studied photography in Paris, has succeeded in making puotographs in colors on porcelain, with a perfect perspective.

The legislature of West Virginia met at Wheeling on Wednesday, the 10th, and organized by the election of the democratic caucus nominees for the several offices.

Mrs. Scoville has finally secured a divorce from her husband, the decree to that effect having been announced by Judge Moran, of Chicago, on Tuesday, the 9th.

The wealthiest London-Americans are believed to be Mr. Winans, Sir Curtis Lampson, Mr. Junius Morgan, and Mr. Russell Sturgis, who has just retired from Barings'.

It struck a Colorado Springs correspondent of the Springfield *Republican* as a little singular that the man who described the place as "a paradise for invalids" was making a living by buying the invalids who died there.

Mr. Mayer has laid before the French Academy of Sciences a new mode of burial, viz., glass coffins, the air pumped out, and filled with antiseptic gas. Thus, he claims, the body could be indefinitely kept uncorrupted.

A subterranean telegraph wire is being laid between Paris and Marsailles. Nearly 300 workmen are employed on the undertaking, which will cost $8,000,000. The wire is to be connected with the Atlantic and Mediterranean cables.

In New Jersey on Friday a jury gave a verdict of $25,000 for loss of life against the Central Railroad Company of New Jersey. This is five times as much as is recoverable by law in Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania and many other States.

The new silk mill at Easton is nearing completion and will be ready for occupancy in about three weeks. The machine shop is in operation getting the shafting and machinery ready to be set up, and the grounds on the outside are being fitted up and graded.

Poetry.

A TRIOLET.

The beautiful Ethel's father has a
Newly-painted front piazza—
He has a
Piazza!
When with tobacco juice 'twas tainted,
They had that front piazza painted—
That tainted
Piazza painted.

Algernon called that night, perchance
Arrayed in comely sealskin pants—
That night perchance
In gorgeous p nts;
Engaging Ethel in a chat,
On that piazza down he sat—
In chat
They sat.

And when an hour or two had pass'd,
He tried to rise, but, oh! stuck fast—
At last
Stuck fast!
Fair Ethel shrieked, "It is the paint!"
And fainted in a deadly faint—
This saint
Did faint.

Algernon sits there till this day—
He cannot tear himself away—
Away?
Nay, nay!
His pants are firm, the paint is dry—
He's nothing else to do but die—
To die?
O, my! —*Denver Tribune.*

THE BALLET-GIRL.

I.

With complexion like the rose
'Mid the snows,
Due to powder on her nose,
I suppose,
She twirls upon her toes
In abreviated clothes
And exhibits spangled hose
To the beaux.

II.

When cruel time bestows
Adipose,
Fairy paris and all those
She outgrows,
And murmuringly goes
To the very hindm st rows,
To pirouette and pose
With the "crows."

III.

When life frayed and faded grows,
Like her bows,
She in garrets sits and sews
Furbelows
Till her weary eyelids close
In the peace of death's repose;
Is she reaping what she sows?
Heaven knows.
—*Lippincott's for January.*

CARTWHEEL vs. POKE.

Consistency, thou art indeed,
As poets sing, a jewel;
And if the girls should learn of thee
'Twould make them far less cruel.

For when they to the opera go,
Or else to see the play,
They wear those hideous cartwheel hats—
Forever in the way.

But when they take themselves to church
They wear a little bonnet,
And then to make the matter worse,
Have very little on it.

I trust the inconsistency
In this will be more clear
Than is the view of stage or play
When cartwheel hats are near.

For at the play you cannot see,
Although you hear the clapping;
And then at church the parson's sure
To catch you when your napping.
—*Yonker's Statesman.*

Our Story Teller.

Out West.

BY AMY RANDOLPH.

The March twilight was burning its purple fires away in the west, and in Harriet Clifford's little parlor the red reflections of the anthracite-heaped grate made a phantom chiaro obscuro on the walls. Yes, it was a little parlor, but the carpet was a pretty pattern of dead boughs wreathed with autumn-crimsoned ivy, and the mantel was decorated with wax flowers, the work of our heroine's own hands, and a hanging basket full of bloom and trailing greenery was in the window, and the work-table, the cabinet piano and the little sewing machine against the wall, all betoken a woman's womanly presence.

Harriet Clifford sat in front of the fire, her pretty hands, taper-fingered and dimpled at every joint, laying in her lap, and her delicate oval face distinct in the firelight. She was very pleasant to look upon, with dark brown hair and chocolate colored eyes, full of lurking velvety lights, while her apple blossom complexion was relieved, not inartistically, by the dress of blue merino that she wore; and John Agnew, from the arm-chair opposite, looked at her with earnest, dreamy eyes, as one may contemplate a pretty picture.

"I am perfectly astonished at you, Mr. Agnew," said Harriet emphatically.

"And why?"

"To think that you would prefer a farmer's life out west."

"It's the most independent existence in the world, Harriet."

"The most toilsome and slavish in the world, I think, always excepting that of a farmer's wife."

"You would not like to be a farmer's wife, then?"

"I! Would I like to be a galley slave? Not I!" And Harry looked down at the pretty white hands, satin-smooth and unruffled by toil. "I like to live daintily and wear pretty dresses and French slippers, and perhaps one day a diamond ring; and I detest work!"

Mr. Agnew made no response, but sat looking into the fire, and both felt that the little half laughing speech had settled a question that lay deep down below the surface.

John Agnew went to his western home the next day, and Harriet Clifford stayed at home with her piano and her wax work, and the thousand trifles which served to while away the leisure hours.

"As if I would be a farmer's wife," thought Harriet. "No, no; I am born for a different destiny. Why couldn't John Agnew have been rich with a brown stone house on Fifth avenue, and a carriage with a liveried coachman? A farmer's wife, indeed!"

And Harriet laughed a little scornful laugh in the silence of her own room, at the mere idea of such a sacrifice.

But as the days crept on, Harriet Clifford became conscious of a growing vacuum in her life. Until John Agnew went away, she never had known how she had grown to expect his daily visit, and remember and treasure up his words. And Harriet drooped a little, she scarcely knew why; and Aunt Marcia advised herb teas and a month at the sea shore.

"I dont't want to go to the sea shore," said Harriet shortly, "and you needn't brew up any of those horrid bitter teas, for I won't drink a drop of them."

Having thus expressed her determination, Harriet went up to her own room, and had a hearty cry.

"I wish he would come back," thought Harriet. "I would almost rather be a farmer's wife than never to see him again."

She looked out on the dusty pavements and rows on rows of monotonous brick houses, and thought longingly of green meadows, daisy gemmed and starred with countless buttercups.

"The country would be nice after all," Harriet thought to herself. "O, I wish—"

And then our unaccountable little Harriet cried again

Just about that time Sabrina Elton came from the far west on a visit—an old school mate of Harriet's—and Harriet asked her to tea the first week of her stay in town.

"Is it very lonely out West?" asked Harriet, turning pink and white, as she passed the brimming tea cup to Sabrina.

"It's splendid," said that young lady. "Lonely indeed! Why, they have the nicest society out there in the world. I wouldn't come back here for anything."

"I once knew a gentleman who went out to Wisconsin," said Harriet diplomatically, "a Mr. Agnew."

"Mr. Agnew! Why," cried Sabrina, with wide open eyes, "he owns the next farm to papa's and we like him so much! Papa says he is so thoroughly in earnest in whatever he does. And you used to know him?"

"Yes," said Harriet. "Will you have some cocoa nut cake, Harriet."

"Strange he has never spoken of you."

"Not at all strange," said Harriet, biting her red under lip. "I dare say he has forgotten me long ago."

And Harriet began to talk very fast and disconnectedly about something else.

"Harriet doesn't look a bit well," said Sabrina, before she took her leave. "Mrs. Clifford, why won't you let her come home with me for a few weeks? Our western climate would brace her up like a tonic."

'What do you say, Harriet?' asked Mrs. Clifford, with eyes full of tender maternal anxiety.

"I—I should like to go," said Harriet, hanging her head. "Only for a little while, you know, mamma."

Harriet praised the beautiful west with sufficient enthusiasm to gratify even Sabrina, who was rather exacting on that special point. The country was lovely, the scenery "splendid," the society unexceptionable.

"It's a pity that Mr. Agnew has gone to Chicago," said Sabrina, "but he'll be back before a long time. In the meantime," with a roguish twinkle of her eyelashes, "you can amuse yourself very tolerably with George Sykson."

For Mr. Sykson, a rich cattle farmer in the neighborhood, had fallen desperately in love with the pretty little eastern lassie, and made no secret whatever of his infatuation.

It would be difficult, however, to describe Mr. Agnew's astonishment, one lovely August evening, on entering the Elton domains, to see Harriet Clifford sitting on the door step, throwing scalded meal to a tribe of voracious young turkeys, her pretty face half hidden under one of Sabrina's straw flats.

"Harriet!"

"Yes," said Harriet, laughing, and setting down the pan of meal as she rose: "it is I. How do you do, Mr. Agnew?"

And Mr. Agnew, instead of riding on to the nearest post-town, as he had intended to do, stayed and spent the evening at Squire Elton's.

He came again and again, naturally enough, for the ties of old friendship, or even acquaintance, count for much in the thinly settled Occident; and Harriet Clifford, with the roses of restored health blooming on her cheeks, was even prettier than ever.

One bright September afternoon, Mr. Agnew walked in with a tiny flowerpot under his arm.

"Here is that geranium you wanted, Miss Sabrina," he said, glancing rather discontentedly round the room. "Where is Harriet?"

"She's out in the garden, picking grapes," said Sabrina, jerking her crochet needle viciously through a series of worsted loops; "and I haven't a bit of patience left with her!"

"Why not?"

"Because I had made up my mind to have her for a neighbor, and she has just gone and demolished all my castles in the air."

"What do you mean;" asked Agnew.

"She has refused George Sykson."

"A perfectly unpardonable offense," said Agnew gravely. "I don't wonder you are out of patience with her. I will go out in the garden and see what on earth she means by such atrocious conduct!"

"Do," said Sabrina energetically.

Harriet was not picking grapes; she stood in the checkered shade of the vines, her pretty forehead pressed against the trellis-bar, and her hands mechanically toying with the leaves, while the half filled basket of purple fruit bore a mute witness to her idleness.

"How hard you are working!" said John Agnew quietly.

"I was resting," said Harriet, growing bewitchingly pink.

"So you have refused Mr. Sykson?" said Agnew.

"Yes, I have," asserted Harriet, defiantly.

"I could have told him that you did not wish to be a farmer's wife," remarked Mr. Agnew.

"Then you would have told him what was not true," said Harriet, speaking very fast, as she always did when excited.

"You said so once, yourself."

"I suppose a poor girl can have the privilege of changing her mind, can't she?" flashed Harriet, with very superfluous irritation.

"Certainly," assented the gentleman calmly.

"I refused Mr. Sykson because I did not love him, and for no other reason whatever," said our little heroine, developing strong symptoms of a coming shower from those clear heavens, her eyes.

"Harriet, I can't tell you how glad I am to hear these words," said Agnew, coming a step or two nearer to her. "If I was to take courage and ask the same question that George Sykson did, what would you answer me?"

"Ask it and see," said Harriet demurely.

"Dearest, will you be my wife?"

"Yes," Harriet answered softly, placing her hand in his.

"A farmer's wife?"

"Yes, the happiest wife of the noblest farmer in the broad West."

And then of course, our Harriet began to cry.

You see how it was; Love had transformed her whole nature, and she cared no more for diamonds, brown stone houses and lily white hands. Once fairly placed in the balance, John Agnew's brave, true heart outweighed them all.

And Sabrina Elton had Harriet for a neighbor, after all.

A Sharp Trick.

A rather sharp and novel trick of begging money has just been brought to light in Burlington county, New Jersey. A woman wearing the garb of a mendicant has been traveling through the country gulling the innocent farmers and citizens of the various towns out of considerable cash.

The woman is about 45 years of age, is usually clad in a calico dress, a shawl and a straw bonnet. She tells a very pitiable story of how she came to lose her leg, and always concludes her tale by requesting a small sum of money to buy bread for a very large family of small children. The chair is so constructed, and the real leg so carefully concealed, that detection is almost a matter of impossibility. The story and the appearance of the woman are fully sufficient for the purpose for which they are intended, and a refusal to grant her appeal for charity is very seldom made. Some time ago the woman visited Mount Holly, N. J., and excited so much sympathy among the citizens of that quiet town that she left the place with $50, but just before reaching the station to take the train for her next field of action she was observed by the conductor to take the chair from its fastenings, throw it over her back and use both limbs with entire freedom. On Monday morning, as the 4:15 train from Mount Holly reached Moorestown, the conductor, Budd Norcross, saw the woman coming toward the train using both limbs without any trouble whatever. She had been working at Moorestown and was taking the train for Merchantville, where she alighted from the cars, and no doubt will repeat her game there and then move on to Camden. It is said the woman has amassed a large sum of money by this means and has thus far escaped arrest. The citizens of Mount Holly say that she is an imposter of the most pronounced type, and should she again visit that town she will certainly be taken into custody.

A Cool Printer.

Rats will fight desperately when death is the only alternative, and he is a wise man who keeps out of the reach of their teeth. The following anecdote shows how a man of "nerve" ought to act when the enemy is at very close range. A printer happened in at a hotel in Sacramento the other day just in time to join a group of men who were waiting to see a terrier kill a rat. The cage was opened and the rat most unexpectedly ran up the printer's leg inside his trousers. He did not scream or clutch, but clenched his hands, stood erect, and coolly told those present to be quiet. "Now he is going up my knee; now he is up to my thigh; now he has passed to the small of my back; now he rests. Don't strike, don't seize him. Here, take a small stick, tap gently just above the rascal—gently, gently. That's it: drive him down easily—don't provoke him. Now he moves—now he turns—press gently; now he descends; there he goes around my hip; now he turns downward; here he comes by my knee—there, he's out." And so he was, and the terrier forthwith monopolized him.

When you remark that Tom Ochiltree will be the champion liar of the next Congress, you may observe some of the other members-elect kind of brace up and sniff, and look as though they didn't quite believe Tom was going to have a walk over.

The Way Studies Are Crowded Upon the Misses in the Public Schools.

N. Y. Morning Journal.

She ran up against an iron railing and looked scared.

"I'll call a policeman," she said pantingly, "if you insult me."

She was only 14, and her pretty thin face, with a spot of carnation in each cheek, and her little flaxen hair hanging over her pale forehead as if trying to look into her blue eyes, gave her the adolescent aspect of a French doll. She had a bundle of books that must have weighed thirty pounds.

"But I don't want to insult you, my dear," said the reporter. "I only want to interview you."

"Interview me?" she exclaimed. "Oh, don't, please. I haven't done anything. Go and see pa."

"Oh, nonsense," said the reporter; "we've been interviewing pa for years. He doesn't know anything about it. We've wasted our time interviewing school superintendents and principals and all the other people who don't know anything about it. Now we're going to interview you. Don't your head ache?"

"Mine? No!" (with a little astonishment).

"Not when you have to get all those books into it?"

"Oh, they don't make my head ache; it's my arms."

"Ah! I see. You carry them in your arms—not in your head."

Here the reporter made a mental exclamation. Feminine instinct, to carry the best things of life in its arms and not in its head!

"Will you let me read the titles of the books?"

"Yes if you will strap them up again."

"Trigonometry! Do you study that?"

"Oh, yes,"

"And surveying?"

She nodded her head affirmatively.

"And navigation?"

Another nod.

"Will you excuse me while I swear a little?"

"Well, turn your head away."

Reporter—"Thunder and Mars! (sotto voce). What's this. French! Do you study French?"

"Oh, I'm in the French and German classes."

"You don't say so! But you haven't got into the Italian and Portuguese classes."

"I don't think there are any Portuguese, sir."

"Well, if there had been, you'd have got into them, wouldn't you?"

"Yes, sir; I hope so."

"Physiology—do you study that?"

"A little; I've only just commenced that. After fluxions we talk half an hour at biology, and then go to applied mechanics and telegraphy. I'm going to commence organic chemistry on Monday, after my music, but ma thinks it will interfere with my painting in oil."

"I should think it would. Don't you ever sleep or play?"

"Oh, yes. I play the whole of Czerney's exercises for the piano every morning, and I am learning the overture to Tristan and Isolde. I used to go to sleep in the classroom, but it was awful mean, and I got over it. Miss—— ,our principal, says if we know what the mission of woman is in the nineteenth century we will not be caught napping. Besides if I went to sleep I wouldn't pass."

"Pass what?"

"The examination."

"But you might pass some other things."

"What other things?"

"Why, vertigo, nervous exhaustion, premature decline."

"Oh, I don't study those yet."

"No, I see you don't.

"Let me go now, please."

"Wait a moment; I want to ask you one other question. Don't you ever feel tired?"

"Oh, what's the use of feeling tired! I haven't got time. If a girl got tired she wouldn't pass, would she?"

"I suppose not. But after you've passed you intend to leave this world don't you?"

"Oh, no. When I pass I'm going to study for the stage, and get a yacht and live in Chicago; but you mustn't put that in the paper, because I wouldn't like pa to know it."

Then the American infant picked up her books, gave her head a little toss and went off with a saucy air.

He Ripped Not Wisely, but Too Well.

A young man dressed in the height of fashion, while riding in a Fulton avenue car in Brooklyn yesterday afternoon, with one of his toothpick shoes elevated, discovered a tiny thread across the patent leather instep, and he wound it around his gloved finger and began to pull. It proved to be a long thread, but he kept on drawing it, and when he had pulled it over a yard he felt in his pocket, as though he expected to find a spool of thread there. As he threw down his leg he was horror stricken at the discovery that while one branch of his pantaloons was as tight fitting as he could desire, the other was a mere flap, and that he had unconsciously ripped up the side seam. His face assumed an agnostic expression, and he bolted for the door after borrowing two pins from the conductor.

Young man if you are to be married, your future wife is now living, therefore pray for her. And while you are about it, don't forget to pray for her future husband; he needs praying for as much as she does.

Popular Effect of the Iowa Wind.

[Denver News.]

"The Iowa style of wind, young man, is cut bias, and cuts things bias, but I am not ambitious to go on record as a liar, and besides this there is too much competition in this town.

"Then you won't tell what you know?"

"Oh, yes, I'll tell you, only not under my own signature. It was a holy terror."

"You said that this occurred last June?"

"Yes, sir. Our town fell to pieces last June, the 17th. I won't give the name of the town, but the papers were full of it then, and they never half told the story. It was a holy terror. Trees were snapped into toothpick size. Dwelling houses melted away, and the large buildings were nothing but holes in the ground. There were forty people killed."

"There must have been some strange incidents?"

"Yes, there was one or two. one young lady was playing on the piano. She had just sung out, 'There's no place like home,' when the storm struck. She was picked up, with the piano, and slammed through the side of a neighbor's house, where she finished the tune."

"Did it surprise her?"

"Not very much. She had lived in Iowa for some time. But it made the neighbors mad. They did not like music. It did not hurt the girl any, only her spit curls got mussed during the transit."

"Go on," said the reporter feebly.

"One chap I know was out riding with his girl. When he came to, he was a mile away with a grip on the belt she had been wearing. The girl had been chucked into a cellar and broke into three or four pieces. The team was never discovered. There was a hoof or two and a wisp of bay hair, but that was all.

"Was that all?"

"All of the horses, but there were lots of other things just as queer. One man blew away and was never heard from again."

"You don't say so?"

"Fact. I'm the man."

"You?"

"Yes. I owed a fellow some money, and when the storm came along I thought it might as well blow me away. So I bid a farewell, looked around and lit out before morning. Got to Omaha and laid there until I raised the wind again. Wind is a great thing, young fellow, and here I am."

At this juncture the scribe made his escape.

A $2,500 Gold Nugget.

According to the Scott Valley *News* a nugget of gold was on exhibition at the banking house of A. B. Carlock last Thursday that attracted much attention. It weighed 150 ounces and was valued at $2,500, but it was almost untold wealth to the finder, Sam Howard, a miner on Indian Creek, near Happy Camp. Mr. Howard has been under Fortune's ban for many years. He owns the claim on Indian Creek from which the chip was taken, but it has not been a rich piece of ground and as a rule has left but little after expenses were paid. His health has been poor and to crown his misfortunes his wife died a few years ago and left four children, which he has been trying to care for with only indifferent success. The struggle with sickness and gaunt poverty has been an unequal one, but he has never yielded nor lost courage.

One day last week, while sitting on the bank watching a Chinaman in his employ at work in the claim, he saw this glistening messenger of relief fall out of the dirt into the cut. As it might be expected, for a time it completely unnerved him. It is related that he had the nugget all that day and could hardly decide what to do with it. After a few days the excitement wore away, and the mass of metal is now on its way to the mint to be coined into cash that shall feed, clothe and educate his children and bring comforts to his lowly home. The piece is flat, and would, if squared up, be about four inches square and one and half inches thick. It is a little worn by washing, has several pieces of quartz still sticking to one side of it. As a specimen of crude gold it is one of the handsomest we ever saw.

A Great Industry.

The Pennsylvania steel company, the site of which is at Steelton, near Harrisburg, is completing a school building at a cost of $65 000, which will be presented to that borough. The company is also erecting a merchant plate mill at a cost of $300,000, a blacksmith shop to cost $65,000, two new furnaces to cost $400,000, and has just completed one hundred and twenty dwellings at a cost of $60,000. The company pays 6 per cent. in dividends, semi-annually, employs 2,500 hands and has a monthly pay roll appromimating $130,000. Its freight bills this year will be $800,000, and of this the Pennsylvania railroad company will receive $600,000. One steel rail thirty feet long is made in these works every passing minute of the day and night. One hundred cars arrive and depart from the yards of the company every twenty-four hours, and there is never a smaller amount than $1,000,000 worth of raw material on hand at any time. The total plant is valued at over $4,000,000, and the profits for this year will reach $1,500,000. In 1873 the stock of the company sold for $48, the par value being $100, and the price of it to-day is $305. There has never been a strike at the works of the Pennsylvania steel company.

Two Promising Young Americans.

Two natives of Maine are just now creating quite a sensation in Europe. They are Lillian Norton, who was born in Farmington, and Fredrick L. Gower, a native of Sedgwick. Miss Norton is 24 years old, and is the favorite soprano of Paris. Her parents removed to Boston when she was 7 years old. At the age of 18 she began her musical culture in the Boston Conservatory, where she remained three years. She then went to Milan. After her Italian course she was engaged by the Grand Opera House at St. Petersburg for $1,000 for the season. The next year her salary was doubled. She created a furor in St. Petersburg and in Moscow. She dined with the Czar and the imperial family. At Paris she is under a three years' engagement at $12,000 per year, has luxurious, apartments, a carriage and liveried driver, etc. Her mother is with her, and has invited her father, Parson Allen, to come over and make them a visit.

The engagement of Miss Norton to the Mr. Gower above mentioned is now announced. Gower has had remarkable fortune. He is 30 years of age, and is worth $1,500,000. He made his money in the formation of telephone companies in Europe. He recently sold his English interest for $500,000. He is now a large owner in French companies. His father died when he was 2 years old. He and his brother were educated by Mr. A. H. Abbott, of Farmington. Since his good fortune Mr. Gower has made a handsome return to Mr. Abbott. He visited this country last year and purchased a $25,000 house for his mother in Brooklyn, Mass. He put a $1,000 engagement ring on Miss Norton's finger. They will soon be married.

Jewesses and Wigs.

[Jewish Chronicle.]

There is a remarkable mystery surrounding the origin of the custom of the Jewish woman cutting off their hair and donning a wig on their marriage. Even in the present day the custom is still observed by the ultra orthodox. The effects of the custom were supposed to give a clue to its origin. There was undoubtedly too much reason in the middle ages for Jewesses to be eager to make themselves as unattractive as possible. The custom of cutting off the hair of the bride on the wedding day is not mentioned in the Talmud. According to Mishnah Ketuboth, vii., 6, it is contrary to Jewish custom for married women to appear in the street with head uncovered. Out of modesty the custom was also observed in the house, and in order to remove the possibility of yielding to temptation the hair—serving no longer as an ornament, but being a superfluous weight on the head—entirely cut off. According to Misnnah Nazir, iv., 5, the cutting off the hair is considered a disfigurement, which a husband could veto in case of his wife being a Nazarite. Some few believe that the custom dates from the very earliest times, and they found their opinion upon the allusion thereto in Deuteronomy, xxi., 12. Referring to the mode prescribed for taking a captive woman for wife the text says: "Then thou shalt bring her home to thine house, and she shall shave her head."

All Sorts.

A pair of slippers—The orange and banana skins.

The principal fault with American bank cashiers seems to be default.

"Better late than never" does not apply with eminent success to the man who wants to catch a train.

Artificial limbs were discovered in the days of Abraham, for the Bible tells us of his having a handmaid.

Some sarcastic old scribbler remarks that the only thing that always stands to reason is a woman.

The French word for law is placed in the feminine gender. This is because the law is so fearfully uncertain.

Young man, you need something more substantial than cigars, light kids and a cane to commence housekeeping with.

A new book is entitled "How to Wash a Baby." It omits the usual precaution peculiar to recipes, that is, "First catch your baby."

It was a trifling circumstance that clouded the domestic bliss of a recently married Toledo couple—she had corns and he had a razor.

New York papers are busy assailing each other for using bad grammar. This looks like a move in self-defence to distract the attention of the public from their other outs.

The French only mix nine different articles together to make mince meat. It is the sixteenth and seventeenth ingredients which make American mince pie queen of the world.

Liberal Landlord. "What are you doing in my back-yard?" Irish tramp (engaged in mending his clothes): "I was jist a gatherin' in my rints, sorr!" The squire drops the subject and retires.

Hostess: What, must you go already, professor? The professor—My dear madam, there is a limit even to my capacity of inflicting myself on my friends! Hostess—Oh no—not at all, I assure you!

Not unlikely: "I don't say all I think," remarked Brown, when pressed for his opinion of the representative of his district. "I should think you might," replied Fogg, "and not be pressed for time, either."

Miscellaneous.

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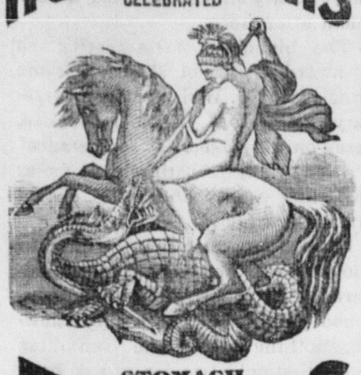

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Hostetter's Stomach Bitters gives steadiness to the nerves, induces a healthy, natural flow of bile, prevents constipation without unduly purging the bowels, gently stimulates the circulation, and by promoting a vigorous condition of the physical system, promotes, also that cheerfulness which is the truest indication of a well balanced condition of the animal powers.

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

Blankets! Blankets!
At SCHOFIELD'S,
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I have on hand a large stock of Blankets which, as the season is now far advanced, I will sell at a reduction of

25 PER CENT.

Great Bargains. Call Immediately.

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Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 6 1 1y

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Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-2tf

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Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'71-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

YOCUM & HARSHBERGER, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office northeast corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 40-4w

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

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E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law,
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Office next to Garman's hotel. in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

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In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without ether pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths* 5-1t

The Dead Statesman.

The Chicago *Tribune* has a long letter by telegraph from Hon. E. B. Washburne, now at San Antonio, Texas, giving reminiscences of Gambetta while Mr. Washburne was United States minister to France. He says:

A great light has gone out, and the world loses one of the most gifted, brilliant and eloquent men of the age. He was distinguished in 1869, though young, as a member of the chamber of deputies, and being in the front rank of a little band of able and courageous men who made face against the empire in the pride and arrogance of its power, was concerned in those turbulent and exciting scenes in the chamber before war was declared and the empire fell. He was cool when the people broke up the chamber of deputies and flocked to the Hotel De Ville, where the dethronement of the Emperor was to take place. Appearing at one window of the palace, Gambetta proclaimed the republic of France and threw the crowd below little lists containing the names of deputies who were to constitute the provisional government of France under the name of "Government of National Defense." Such a shout of deliverance went up from the throng as has rarely been heard in the world's history. The new ministry—Gambetta at its head—immediately took possession of their portfolios.

He relates his own difficulties in protecting German interests there while the empire lived, and the astonishing grasp with which Gambetta at once understood the whole question. Calling on him, he found a young man of ordinary height and size (he afterwards became heavy), with fine manners and agreeable address, handsome face, long, black, glossy hair and full beard. He did everything possible, and did it immediately, to mitigate the troubles of the Germans. Gambetta being selected as the representative of the Tours mission, he did not shrink from the city in a balloon, and made the trip in safety. He soon became in fact the dictator, and the true history of that dictatorship has yet to be written. It will become one of the most interesting episodes in the history of France. Single handed and alone, he aroused the drooping spirits of the people, raised and equipped armies, and accomplished all that mortal could in stemming the tide of disaster which was overwhelming his country. He raised and disbursed the millions gotten through Morgan & Co., in England, and the most rigid examination of his affairs by enemies when the war was over only showed that his hands were clean and his record unstained. After the war his advice was sought more than that of any other man. The greatest speech of his life was that made at Versailles, upon the occasion of President MacMahon's *coup de etat* in turning away his republican ministry and replacing it with a ministry hostile to the republic. Washburne has at his home a portrait of M. Gambetta, painted expressly for him.

Nilsson and Oscar Wilde.

Mme. Christine Nilsson has been interviewed in Chicago, and to a reporter's question she said:—"Oscar Wilde ought to have been taken by the ear and taken to the boat and driven out of this country. What right has he to come here and say that everything American is all wrong? I think that your people are too good-natured or they never would stand it. I know I shouldn't put up with this nonsense. You know in Europe he doesn't appear clad as he does here. That wouldn't be tolerated there. The ladies are taken by that lock of hair on his forehead. The idea of a sunflower being pretty! It reminds me with its yellow color of paleness and sickness. I like the lilies; there is nothing more perfect than the lily-of-the-valley. But that sunflower—if that is æstheticism, I am not æsthetic. That craze has been the means of accumulating a mass of worthless rubbish in lots of houses. I met Oscar Wilde in London once, where we were both guests, and he was to take me down to dinner. He commenced to talk his nonsense and pose to me as we were going to the dining-room. I said to him: 'Look here, Mr. Wilde, Mme. Nilsson will put up with no such stuff. This is all put on, and there is nothing in it but nonsense.' Mr. Wilde said, 'Thank you, You are the first sensible woman and true friend that I've met.' After that he acted as a man should and talked sensibly. Some days after he sent me a volume of his poems, appropriately inscribed. But he is not considered a poet in Europe. When I sang last Saturday in Steinway Hall I saw Mr. Wilde sitting in a front row in one of those affected positions of his, with his shoulders one way, his head another and his body anywhere. I was singing a little Swedish ballad, and it just occurred to me—I am so full of mischief—that it might be a good thing to imitate him, but I thought that the audience might not like it, so I didn't do it."

Royal Ages.

The oldest sovereign in Europe is Kaiser Wilhelm of Germany, who bears up under the age of 86 years; William of Burnswick is second, being 76 years. The youngest is Alfonso XII., of Spain, aged 25 years, Milan I., Servia, is 28 years, and Heinrich XXII., Reup Greiz, 30. On the female side the Empress Augusta of Germany is 71, the Queen of Denmark 65, and Queen Victoria of England 63. The Empress of Brazil and Queen Olga of Wertumburg have both reached 60, while the Empress Eugenie, whose name is still recorded in the place of honor in the calendar, is 56. The Queen of Saxony is 49, the Empress of Austria 45.

Medical.

Disease is an effect, not a cause. Its origin is within; its manifestations are without. Hence, to cure the disease the **Cause** must be removed, and in no other way can a cure be effected. WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE is established on just principles. It realizes that

95 Per Cent.

of all diseases arise from deranged kidneys and liver, and it strikes at once at the root of the difficulty. The elements of which it is composed act directly upon these great organs, both as a *food* and *restorer*, and by placing them in a healthy condition, drive disease and pain from the system.

For the innumerable troubles caused by unhealthy Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs; for the distressing Disorders of Women; for Malaria, and for physical derangements generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of imposters, imitations and concoctions said to be just as good.

For Diabetes, ask for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE. For sale by all dealers.

H. H. WARNER & CO.,
Rochester, N. Y.

Oh, My Back!

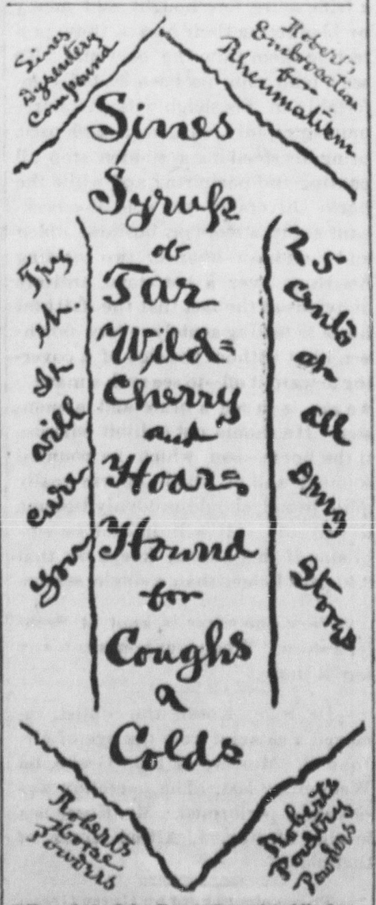
That's a common expression and has a world of meaning. How much suffering is summed up in it.

The singular thing about it is, that pain in the back is occasioned by so many things. May be caused by kidney disease, liver complaint, consumption, cold, rheumatism, dyspepsia, overwork, nervous debility, &c.

Whatever the cause, don't neglect it. Something is wrong and needs prompt attention. No medicine has yet been discovered that will so quickly and surely cure such diseases as BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, and it does this by commencing at the foundation, and making the blood pure and rich.

Logansport, Ind. Dec. 1, 1880.
For a long time I have been a sufferer from stomach and kidney disease. My appetite was very poor and the very small amount I did eat disagreed with me. I was annoyed very much from non-retention of urine. I tried many remedies with no success, until I used Brown's Iron Bitters. Since I used that my stomach does not bother me any. My appetite is simply immense. My kidney trouble is no more, and my general health is such, that I feel like a new man. After the use of Brown's Iron Bitters for one month, I have gained twenty pounds in weight. O. B. SARGENT.

Leading physicians and clergymen use and recommend BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It has cured others suffering as you are, and it will cure you.


Sires Syrup of Tar Wild Cherry and Horehound for Coughs & Colds
Try it. It will cure you
25 cents at all Drug Stores
Roberts Horse Powders
Roberts Poultry Powders

For sale by John Harris Druggist, Allegheny Street Bellefonte Pa. d&wMar17 1y

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

HARDWARE,

STOVES.

WILSON,
M'FARLANE
& CO.

Have for sale in HEATING STOVES,

THE CROWNING GLORY

OF BASE BURNERS.

This Stove is well named. It has a Diving Flue in front, making it a Front Heater.

Immense Radiating Surface.

ALSO,

FORT ORANGE AND EASTLAKE.

We would call your attention to

The Welcome Home Heaters,

DOUBLE AND SINGLE.

Beautifully finished in Nickel. Our line of COOK STOVES and RANGES is complete.

CALL AND SEE US.

There is no excuse for suffering from
CONSTIPATION
and other diseases that follow a disordered state of the Stomach and Bowels, when the use of
DR. HENRY BAXTER'S
MANDRAKE BITTERS
Will give immediate relief.
After constipation follows
Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Apoplexy, Palpitations, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, etc., all of which these Bitters will speedily cure by removing the cause. Keep the *Stomach, Bowels, and Digestive Organs in good working order, and* **perfect health** will be the result. **Ladies** and others subject to **Sick Headache** will find relief and permanent cure by the use of these Bitters Being **tonic** and **mildly purgative** they
PURIFY THE BLOOD.
Price 25 cts. per bottle.
For sale by all dealers in medicine. Send address for pamphlet, free, giving full directions.
HENRY, JOHNSON & LORD, Props., Burlington, Vt.

SELLERS' COUGH SYRUP.

MOLLER'S NORWEGIAN COD-LIVER OIL
Superior to all. Highest medical authorities testify to its delicacy of taste and smell. For sale by Druggists.
W. H. Schieffelin & Co. N.Y.

15-1-8t 15-1-4t

1883 NORTH STAR SEED FARMS 1883
GO TO HEADQUARTERS FOR
EARLY MINNESOTA SWEET CORN

Educated and practical growers now assent to our motto "That the farther North Seeds are grown the earlier their product will be." We offer this year a full line of Standard Potatoes true to name, grown on dry upland; Scotch Fyfe and Blue Stem Wheat; White Russian Oats; Etampes Cabbage, said to be one week earlier than Early York; our North Star Yellow Dent Corn still takes the lead, and for fodder is equal to any; of onion seed, tomatoes, carrots, peas, &c., &c., a full line and large crop, all 1882 growth on our own farms. Wild Rice for ducponds always on hand for Spring or Fall sowing. 7th Annual Catalogue. *Free.* T. M. METCALF Grower, Importer & Jobber, St. Paul, Minn
15-1-4t

CANCER REMOVED without knife. Apply to Dr. C. P. W. FISHER, Centre county, Pa. 14-44-3m

FITS A Leading London Physician establishes an Office in New York for the Cure of EPILEPTIC FITS. From Am. Journal of Medicine. Dr. Abernethy, late of London, who has made a specialty of Epilepsy, or Fits, for the past 30 years, has simply been astonishing; we have heard of over 50 years' standing successfully cured by him. He has published a work on this disease, which he sends with a large bottle of his wonderful cure free to any sufferer who may send their express and P. O. address to 96 John St., New York. Dr. AB. ABERNETHY, No. 96 John St., New York.

FARMERS' SONS & DAUGHTERS
Or any Active Man or Woman
CAN MAKE $25 TO $3 PER MONTH
in Cash, working for AMERICAN FARMER
Address E. A. K. HACKETT, Ft. Wayne, Ind
14-50-4t

PENSIONS for all Union Soldiers disabled in line of duty. INCREASE of pension. Laws Liberal. ARREARS of Pay and Bounty to Union soldiers reported on rolls as deserters DISCHARGES PROCURED. Apply at once. Send two 3-cent stamps to STODDART & CO., 413 G Street N. W., Washington, D. C.
14-50-4t

CONSUMPTION

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on the disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address, DR. T. A. SLOCUM,
15 2 4t 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

Drs. J. N. & J. B. Hobensack,

No. 206 Second st., Above Race,

PHILADELPHIA,

For 30 years have been engaged in the treatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. Read "Wisdom in a Nutshell." Sent to any address on receipt of a three-cent stamp. Useful information to the afflicted.
Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. 14-30-1y*

INVESTORS
Desiring First-class
DIVIDEND
Paying **Stocks** or **Bonds** yielding **Ten Per Cent.** per annum, and over
WELL SECURED,
may obtain full particulars, with satisfactory references and testimonials by addressing H. BLAISDELL, Fin'l Ag't, 48 Congress St., Boston, Mass. Mention this paper. 15-1-4t

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
Nos. 111 and 113 N'th Broad Street (above Arch
PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.
Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.
TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.
MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUTTON, Proprietress
14-21tf

Medical.

TUTT'S PILLS

A NOTED DIVINE SAYS:

DR. TUTT:—*Dear Sir:* For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last spring your pills were recommended to me; I used them (but with little faith). I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.
Rev. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

SYMPTOMS OF
A TORPID LIVER.
Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the Shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering of the heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.

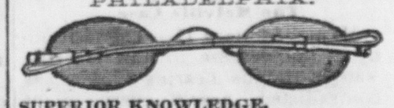
IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL BE DEVELOPED.
TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.
Try this remedy fairly, and you will gain a healthy Digestion, Vigorous Body, Pure Blood, Strong Nerves, and a Sound Liver. Price, 25 Cents.
Office, 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.
Gray Hair and Whiskers changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. It imparts a natural color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.
Office, 35 Murray St., New York.
DR. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.

A MAN
WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'Y
By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous
"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."
A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.
All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.
Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.
Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.
For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the
GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,
At your nearest Ticket Office, or address
R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r. E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt.
CHICAGO.
14-34-1y

QUEEN & CO.
THE GREAT OPTICIANS,
924 CHESTNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.



SUPERIOR KNOWLEDGE,
SUPERIOR SKILL,
SUPERIOR LENSES and
SUPERIOR FACILITIES
For manufacturing, all combine to give our SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES a national reputation.
LOST SIGHT NEVER RETURNS.
Do not trifle with your eyes by taking UNSUITABLE GLASSES.
Catalogues as follows sent on application:—Part 1—Mathematical Instruments, 162 pages. Part 2—Optical Instruments, 186 pages. Part 3—Magic Lanterns, 112 pages. Part 4—Philosophical Instruments, 160 pages.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund money if treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by JOS. FLEMING, Druggist, 84 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Orders by mail at regular prices

WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address, STINSON & Co., Portland Maine. ian1 d6mawly

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania,

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this tp'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

To insure insertion, advertisements MUST be in no later than Monday noon.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

The Milwaukee Disaster.

MILWAUKEE, January 11.—At daylight this morning a large gang of laborers resumed their awful work of hunting for the dead in the ruins of the Newhall house. The streets in the vicinity of the ruins were packed with people. The greatest excitement prevails. The entire fire department is engaged in pulling down the remains of the wall, and with each succeeding crash the excitement increases. The policemen and firemen are confident that fully fifty people lie buried in the ruins, including a number of guests in the hotel not mentioned in the list published. Crowds of people are arriving here by every train, and the hotels are filled with tearful, anxious persons seeking friends or relations supposed to have been in the fire. All the sufferers at the Plankinton and Kerby houses were doing pretty well this morning.

A Call made on Our Celebrated Navy.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The secretary of the treasury has received a telegram from Captain Stodder, commanding the revenue cutter Oliver Woolcott, dated Victoria, B. C, January 10, as follows: "Received a communication from the prime minister of British Columbia asking assistance at Fort Simpson. Indian trouble. No British naval vessel in these waters and the assistance is urgent. Letter by mail to Port Townsend if the request is granted." Secretary Folger sent an answer to-day as follows: "Revenue steamer Woolcott permitted to be present at Fort Simpson and prevent violence, but no force authorized unless to repel attacks imminent against whites. Then only on written request of the British Columbia authorities."

The Melville Case.

MEDIA, January 11.—The testimony of the defense in the Melville habeas corpus hearing to-day has contradicted nearly every point of the plantiff. Mrs. Melville underwent a rigid examination, stigmatising as false every assertion made by her husband. The case will be continued to-morrow.

PHILADELPHIA, January 11.—A special from Media to the *Times* says Mrs. Melville concluded her testimony at 9:30 o'clock to night when the court adjourned until next Wednesday. The judge said that he would then privately examine the three children after which he would be ready to hear the argument of counsel.

Severe Storm in Mexico.

MEXICO, Jan. 11—The storm at Vera Cruz on Tuesday was more disastrous than at first reported. The American steamer James A. Garry, the schooner Theresa G., and a Mexican barque are a complete loss. The crews were saved. The steamer had already discharged her cargo. The roofs of the railroad warehouses were carried away, and much damage done to goods. The works for the harbor improvements were completely destroyed. Many lighters and small craft were wrecked. The Mexican schooner Amadita is ashore near Anton, Lizardo. The crew was saved.

Killed His Brother-in-Law.

CHICAGO, January 11.—A Centralia, Illinois, special says: Gus Buda, a young man living in Central City, yesterday went to the house of his brother-in-law, Henry Durley, and, without warning, fired three shots, killing him instanly. Buda escaped. Family troubles caused the act.

To be Hanged To-day.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 11.—Governor Cullom will not interfere in the case of Philip Mathews, who murdered Annie Grier, his sweetheart, at Belleville, Ill, last May. He will therfore be hanged to-morrow.

Three Murders.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 12.—John B. Hoffman, a tailor, living at No. 40 Eder street, fatally shot his son Robert, aged 22, at home this morning. Hoffman was drunk and had a quarrel with his son last night. This morning he arose early, and hid behind a door till the son started to work, when he fired, the ball taking effect in the abdomen. Five years ago Hoffman killed another son but was not convicted. He has escaped.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 12.—Dan Taylor, a colored hostler, went home this morning, took a revolver from a bureau and presented it at his wife. "Give me time to pray," she exclaimed. "Not a minute," he replied, and fired three times, inflicting three wounds which are mortal. Then he gave himself up to the police. Jealousy and domestic quarrels were the cause.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 12.—An Irishman known as "Drunken Jack" Sheehan was locked up yesterday afternoon on the charge of having murdered his son James, a lad 17 years of age. It seems Sheehan went home drunk, quarreled with his wife, drove her out doors, and is then said by one of his little children to have struck his boy, James, who was lying sick in bed, a heavy blow on the chest, which shortly afterward resulted in death. At all events, the boy died, and the coroner is now investigating the matter. Sheehan denies striking his son, or having any trouble with him. On the contrary, he claims to have given the boy medicine, and otherwise treated him kindly.

Hunting for the Dead.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., January 12.—Up to this evening the fragmentary remains of five bodies had been found in the ruins of the Newhall house. As the men opened up the ruins the odor of burning flesh became more apparent and it is expected that by to-morrow night a horrible scene will be presented. A human foot was found partially burned with no trace of the body to which it belonged. Two little heaps of remains found near the personal effects belonging to Robert Howie and David H. Hartel, Wisconsin Central railroad contractors, leave little doubt but that both perished. Toward evening two more heaps of remains were found, making five in all. The remains were all discovered near the sidewalk of the Broadway front. The body identified in the morgue is not that of Miss Chellis but of Mrs. L. W. Brown, of Allegheny, Pa., whose husband is in the employ of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad. The last body recognized is that of Emma Hayer, a domestic.

Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 12.—Clark Mills, the sculptor, died this morning.

The senate this afternoon spent three hours and a half in executive session concerning the Mexican treaty.

The house to-day passed the shipping bill after striking out the sections containing the drawback of free ship and free material provisions.

The secretary of the treasury has directed the United States district attorney at Nashville to take steps to recover, by suit or otherwise, $200 from J. M. Hurst, agent of the board of publication of the Cumberland Presbyterian church. The money was received by Hurst to be placed in the United States treasury to the credit of the conscience fund, instead of which it was placed to his own credit as agent of the board of puclication, under the impression that the anonymous sender meant it to be so placed.

Pennsylvania Buys Another Road.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 10.—The Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central railroad was sold to-day on a foreclosure of mortgages to a committee of gentlemen representing the Pennsylvania railroad company for $13,500,000. There were no other bidders. A deposit of one million dollars of the mortgage bonds, required by order of the court, was deposited with the commissioner as a guarantee of the good faith of the bidders.

Heavy Fall of Snow.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 10.—The snow storm of yesterday and last night did not abate in violence until this morning. It has continued to fall slightly nearly all day and the snow is now from sixteen to eighteen inches deep. Reports from some points on the line of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad make the depth of the snow from twenty inches to two feet deep. All trains are more or less delayed. It is undoubtedly the heaviest fall of snow since January, 1857.

The Work Goes Bravely On.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 10.—The judiciary general committee of the senate met this afternoon and decided to report the abolishment of one assistant sergeant-at-arms, one assistant doorkeeper, one messenger, four pages and two pasters and folders of the senate offices.

The joint inaugural committee met this afternoon and decided that they would not ask for an appropriation for an inaugural display.

Getting Ready to be Inaugurated.

PHILADELPHIA, January 12.—Controller Pattison will leave this city on Monday to attend the inaugural at Harrisburg, and this afternoon the clerks assembled in his private office and took final leave of him. Chief Clerk Hirst presented the Controller with a handsome gilt frame containing the portraits of the employes of the department.

A St. Louis Hotel Burned.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., January 14.—The Planters' hotel, one of the largest in the city, took fire this morning shortly before 5 o'clock and burned so rapidly that four persons lost their lives. The greatest confusion prevailed when the alarm was given and nearly all the guests escaped in their night clothes. The weather was intensely cold and the firemen were thereby greatly hindered in their work. It is thought that there were not more than four victims. Three dead bodies have been taken out. The fire is now under control. The loss to the hotel will not exceed $30,000. The fire broke out in the kitchen of the hotel and extended to the pantry store room and servants' quarters. There is a building in the rear and detached from the hotel which was not injured. One servant was suffocated, one burned and two others have broken limbs. Great excitement prevailed among the occupants of the hotel, most of whom left the hotel but returned during the day.

A Million Dollar Suit.

PITTSBURGH, January 14.—The suit of T. Baird Patterson against the city of Pittsburgh, which is fixed for trial in the common pleas court, No. 1, on Tuesday week, is one involving the city's title to property worth over a million dollars. It includes Water street, from Penn to the point, and Duquesne to low-water mark, from Mayberry, now Third street, to the Point on the Allegheny side, and know as the Schenley estate. The case attracts more than ordinary interest, inasmuch as the result of the trial will be a final determination of what has become a vexatious litigation. It is probable that the trial will extend over a period of three weeks, owing to the voluminous records which have accumulated as the outgrowth of previous proceedings over the same bone of contention.

Serious Railroad Accident.

CAIRO, Illinois, January 12.—The Wabash passenger train, which left here at 5 o'clock this morning, was ditched near Olmstead, fifteen miles north of this city. Two coaches caught fire and burned. A number of passengers were injured, four of them seriously. Cause, a broken rail. There were about forty passengers, mostly Masons, returning home from a meeting here. Nearly all were more or less injured. A. R. Halloway, of Eddyville, grand master, is hurt internally; William Elwell, of Shawneetown, grand master, seriously hurt in the head; Josiah Blackburn, of Stonefort, shoulder blade and arm broken; Dr. G. W. Cummings, of Tunnell Hills, collar bone broken. The others were only slightly injured.

Returned to Her Home.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 12.—Miss Zerelde Garrison, a young lady of 17, was abducted on Saturday last by four men after she had left a car in the suburbs. She was returned to her friends to-night by one of the ruffians, who it is thought became alarmed by the great excitement over the affair. She is suffering from nervousness, but it is not thought that she has been injured beyond being chloroformed. It is supposed the object of the abduction was to obtain a ransom.

Ex-Treasurer Polk in Jail.

NASHVILLE, Jan. 14.—Ex-Treasurer Polk arrived yesterday morning in charge of officers and is now in custody until he shall be admitted to bail. He refuses to be interviewed. The grand jury of Davidson county at noon presented an indictment against Polk in two counts for the embezzlement and larceny of $480,000. The judge of the criminal court is charged with the duty of fixing the charge of conspiracy upon certain parties in obtaining funds from Polk, knowing them to be the funds of the state.

No Compromise.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Jan. 12.—The attorneys connected with the case of Samuel Ruth, cashier, and Dr. R. J. S. Thompson, an alleged accomplice, who are charged with the embezzlement of $120,000 belonging to the savings bank here, stated to-day that all efforts looking to a compromise have ceased and that there is now but little possibility of a compromise. The jurors have been dismissed until Monday afternoon next.

Butler's Reform Methods.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan, 12.—The *Post*, democrat, to-morrow under the head of "economy inaugurated" will publish the follow letter:

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, STATE HOUSE, BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 12.—Dear Sir: His Excellency, the governor, directs me to request you to discontinue sending the *Post* to the executive depot as he has no further use for it.

Yours, truly.
E. F. HAMLIN,
Executive Clerk.

Maine Democrats.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 11.—A meeting of the democratic state committee was held to night with closed doors. It is understood that henceforth all coalitions and attempts at fusion will be avoided; that all sumptuary laws will be opposed and a plank was recommended opposing the prohibitory liquor law. It was agreed that a spirit of conciliation should be manifested toward the former greenback wing of the party, and that the greenbackers be retained in the democratic ranks if possible.

A Robber makes a Big Haul.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—A Council Bluffs Iowa, special says: "Dr. S. M. Ballard, a prominent politician and land owner, was robbed of $2,700 cash at his isolated farm in Audobon county last Tuesday."

Statement of a Broken Bank.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., January 12.—The board of managers of the Fifth Ward savings bank have prepared a statement showing the available assets to be $376,582. Total amount due depositors, $520,963. The assets do not include the bank's deposit of $24,639 in the City bank nor the bonds having a face value of $24,500 which were hypothecated by Boyce.

A Strike Threatened.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 14.—A fifteen per cent. reduction in wages will take effect at the Fall River iron works and at the Mount Hope and Old Colony iron works, of Somerset, on Monday. There is great dissatisfaction among the workmen and a general strike is threatened. It is said the Somerset workmen will not go to work to-morrow unless the notice of reduction is withdrawn.

He Emptied the Bottle First.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 12.—The body of Joseph Miehl was found this afternoon with a bullet wound in the right temple. In his right hand was a revolver and in the left a wine glass, and an empty bottle was on the ground near by. On his person was found a paper with the following written in German: "As I have lived so I have died. Always merry; my last glass is tendered to my friends."

Two of a Kind.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—Early this morning a fire in the wholesale grocery of Barnard, Lyman & Co. caused a loss of from $10,000 to $15,000. Full insured.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 11.—Several stores, a church, and a number of dwellings in Russellville, Mo., were burned yesterday. The loss is not stated.

Printing Office Burned.

LACONIA, N. H., Jan. 14.—Fire today damaged the daily and weekly *Tocsin* to the extent of $4,000. Dr. C. W. Hackett, one of the publishers, was probably fatally injured by a fall while endeavoring to escape.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

That Dedication.

It appears that quite a large number of Lutherans from this place attended the 10 o'clock a. m. Sunday services, at Zion, at which time the dedication of the Lutheran church was announced to take place. But, instead of dedicating the beautiful little temple of worship, the brethren, among whom were several visiting clergymen, were seized with the more practical debt-paying mania and before the morning service was ended had secured pledges of $1,000 toward the $1,400 required. Then the dedication was postponed until evening, the Bellefonte delegation meanwhile returning heme. It was expected that the final $300 or $400 would be raised at the evening service and the church dedicated. The Lutherans of Zion have done nobly in erecting such a handsome church edifice and contributing so generously of their means towards paying for it.

P. S.—Since writing the above we learn that the church was dedicated Sunday night free from debt. Good enough.

The clergymen who took part in the dedicatory services of the Lutheran church at Zion on Sunday were Revs. John M. Steck, President of the Synod, and Revs. J. M. Reimensnyder, J. A. Koser George S. Diven, S. E. Furst and C. W. Sechrist. Rev. Reimensnyder preached at the morning service and Rev. Steck in the evening.

—Hundreds of persons allude to the grocery store of Harry Teats & Co. in terms of highest praise.

—The merciful man is merciful to his beast. There are several teamsters about town who might exhibit a trifle more forethought and mercy by blanketing their horses, thus protecting them from the cold air. To see a man who has been seated comfortably in his sleigh with his horse moving rapidly along at a 2.40 pace, bring his steed to a sudden stop all panting and perspiring, and while the horse shivers in the cold the occupant enters a store or business office and spends an hour or two toasting his shins over a hot stove, entirely oblivious of the fact that the faithful horse is feeling acutely every northern blast without the sign of a covering to ward it off—to see such a man (?) we say, is to see a brute and a monster. He should not exhibit surprise if the horse upon which he counted so much and of which he was really quite proud, should suddenly become ill and die. It will indeed be surprising if the animal keeps up that 2.40 pace longer than a single season.

—Very fine sugar is kept at Sechler's store. Whenever you want any buy it there.

—Dr. S. S. Koser, the oculist, removed a cataract from the eye of Mr John S. Musser, of Pine Grove, on Wednesday last. The operation was successly performed. Mr. Koser is a brother of Rev. J. Alfred Koser, of that place.

—Those cigars kept by Harry Green continue to be the favorite.

The Philosophy of Snow and Ice.

When the feathery flakes of snow come falling from the leaden clouds to the ground they are peculiarly significant to the small boy and a look of pleasure invariably illumines his features. They open up before his imaginative vision many vistas of animated merriment and scenes o undiluted joy. When the hillsides shall be covered deep with the feathery visitants his sled will slide over them only a few times to render it as smooth as glass, and then from its topmost height to the foot of the hill he will skim as fast as the wind. No place is this feast of joy more fully realized than in Bellefonte just now. Every hill is a coasting place for children during the day-time and for a miscellaneous company of adults and children during the evening. Yes, many of the inhabitants of this fair burg whose lives have experienced the passing seasons for forty years, more or less, are whirled down the hills at lightning speed and laugh long and loud at the fun. The staid mothers and fathers who are attending the prayer meetings incident to the week of prayer every evening indulge in the diversion of a sled ride before they seek their beds for a night's repose. We will not give their names as we do not wish to have a libel suit on our hands this month. We are glad these honored sires and mesdames can renew the joys of their youth.

Frolicksome spirits are not content with the sport of coasting. With that peculiar *penchant* for sliding for which Young America is unequalled, he will take a long run, and with his boots, wear a slippery place in the pavement where it was not supposed that a sign of ice existed. This he will make as smooth as glass, and woe to the dignified pedestrian who dares to step on it, for down he goes upon his nose with all his brains knocked into his toes, assuming a very outlandish pose.

This is what snow and ice brings to the boys. Its mission is to bring joy to almost all persons in many other ways "to numerous to mention." We wish it a long and uninterrupted continuance, yielding, however, about the 1st of March, to the balmy breezes, which "blow soft o'er Ceylon's isle."

—Thomas East, a miner employed in the mines at Pottsville, sometimes brought his 14-year-old daughter to work with him and she would spend a long time in the mine aiding her father One morning another miner saw the lass at work. He had not heard of her before, and thinking himself bewitched or the beholder of a vision he fainted from fright. He lived to regard her presence with less terror, for within a year she walked to the altar with him. When they left the altar they next made their way to Sechler's grocery store in this place where they purchased the finest groceries they ever saw. So well pleased were they with the store that they send to it for whatever they desire to be of unusually excellent quality. There's no mistake about it that Sechler's grocery store is the favorite among a hundred others, and is "some thing new under the sun."

—As has heretofore been noticed in these columns, Mr, David Moore, for a year or more the competent general manager of Valentines' popular stores, has severed his connection with that establishment and entered into partnership with Philadelphia parties under the firm name of Fox, Moore & Co. During Mr. M's brief stay in Bellefonte he impressed himself upon the people of the town as a young man of more than ordinary honesty and ability, careful and conscientious in the performance of every duty and exceedingly affable and pleasant in business relations. His departure is consequently a subject of regret, and the hope is universally entertained that the new business relations in which he has engaged may be pleasant and profitable to himself Philadelphia is a large city in which there is much competition in every branch of business, but we can cordially recommend Mr. Moore to the people of that great metropolis as in every respect worthy their highest confidence and regard.

—Messrs. Pearson, of Williamsport, Seibering, of Jersey Shore, and Murphy, of Renovo, have purchased a large interest in the prosperous mercantile establishment of the Valentines in this place. The new firm will trade under the title of Valentines & Co.'s Store, limited. Mr. David Moore, who acted as manager of the store for a year past, has severed his connection with it, to become a member of the firm of Fox, Moore & Co., successors to Fox, Cope & Co., wholesale grocers, 2d and Arch streets, Philadelphia.

—A fresh and well-selected stock of groceries for sale by Harry Teats & Co.

Prize for a Temperance Essay.

The Executive Committee of the Centre County Sabbath-School Association met at the office of S. D. Ray, Esq., the Secretary, on Tuesday morning, January 9th, there being a very small attendance.

The chief object of the meeting was to award a prize of $5 offered some time ago by J. Willard Miller, Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., for the best essay on the subject of "Temperance" written by any Sabbath-school scholar in Centre county under the age of sixteen years.

Owing to the fact that the offer of the prize had not been properly advertised, a majority of the Sunday-school children of the county knowing nothing of it the committee found that only two essays had been received, and it was decided to extend the time until the first of next July. Meantime the committee will be glad to receive a large number of essays from competitors for the prize. Remember, that any Sunday-school pupil in Centre county, under sixteen years of age, may enter the contest by sending an essay on "Temperance," written in the competitor's best style, to any member of the Executive Committee of the Centre County Sabbath-school Association, of which we believe Rev. Samuel E. Furst, of this place, is president. If sent to Mr. Miller we suppose it will reach the Executive Committee through him. There should be at least 100 contestants in Centre county.

The Committee also decided to hold several local district conventions in different parts of the county soon, of which due notice will be given. The Committee adjourned to meet at the same place at 10 o'clock a. m. on Tuesday, February 6.

—The place to buy groceries is at Harry Teats & Co.'s store, opposite the Bush House.

—Wednesday evening of last week was the very best time for a pleasant sleigh ride we have had in this vicinity. There were no large sleighing parties so far as we are aware—either of the "stag" or "hen" nature or of the mixed sort—but the number of ladies and gentlemen who went out together a mile or two from town was almost innumerable. The low temperature made it the more pleasant for loving young couples—they would have all the excuse in the world for nestling lovingly under the buffalo robes—sharing together *his* scarf and even *her* sealskin muff. The closer they sat together the more pleasant the ride would be. If they didn't share the same head covering it wasn't because their heads were not in sufficiently close proximity for that purpose. But if there is one occasion more than another when two's a company and three's a crowd it is during an evening sleigh ride. Imagine the feelings of youthful lovers when the younger sister or brother insists upon going along. If such youthful nuisances could read the sentiments towards them in the hearts of either of the lovers they would never again insist. But for the scandal such a thing would occasion they would be pushed out of the sleigh after the first half mile and left to make their way home on foot.

—Households are made happy by a large supply of groceries from the store of Harry Teats & Co.

Vanderbilt's Money in Clearfield

Twelve distinguished members of Vanderbilt's party, including John G. Reading, John M. Gazzam, ex-State Senator from Pittsburgh; Samuel Brugger, Vanderbilt's chief engineer and W. H. Snyder, assistant, passed through Tyrone on the 10th. The party, who collectively represent upward of forty millions of dollars, were on their way to Clearfield to transact important business at the office of State Senator William A. Wallace.—*Altoona Tribune.*

—We publish, with much pleasure, the following letter from the gentleman whose name is appended to it:

PHILIPSBURG, Jan. 9, 1883.

MR. TUTEN—*Dear Sir:* Will you please contradict the statement in your last week's paper in reference to the death of Robert Taylor. Mr. Taylor has been very ill, but has so far recovered as to be able to be down stairs attending to his business.

Respectfully,
J. D. MCGIEK, M. D.

We are indeed glad to know that Mr. T. is still in the land of the living, and hope he may continue in full life and health many a long day.

—The *Republican* learns that hair albums are to take the place of autograph albums. We want a bunch of the roseate, hirsute covering of the editor of that paper to adorn the first page of ours.—*Democrat.*

That's all right, but if the *Democrat* young man visits the Brush valley metropolis many more times he won't have enough hair left to make a decent showing in ours.

[Published by request.]

Consecration.

BY FRANCES RIDLEY HAVERGAL.

Take my life, and let it be
Consecrated, Lord, to Thee.

Take my hands, and let them move
At the impulse of Thy love.

Take my feet, and let them be
Swift and beautiful for Thee.

Take my voice, and let me sing
Always, only, for my King.

Take my lips, and let them be
Filled with messages from Thee.

Take my silver and my gold;
Not a mite would I withhold.

Take my intellect, and use
Every power as Thou shalt choose.

Take my will and make it Thine;
It shall be no longer mine.

Take my love; my Lord, I pour
At Thy feet its treasure-store.

Take myself, and I will be
Ever, only, all for Thee.

—Little drops of printer's ink,
A little type "displayed,"
Make our merchant bosses
And give new life to trade.
Little bits of stinginess—
Discarding printer's ink—
Bust the man of business,
And make his credit sink.

The Steady Growth of the G. A. R.

A great deal was written, and much said that was not written last fall, in regard to the mustering of Posts of the G. A. R. in Centre county. It was written by some and said by other prominent men, in Centre county, that before the new Posts were six months old every one of them would be disbanded. What is the result? Six months life of nearly all the new Posts has about passed, and No. 272, Pine Grove, has an increase (in numbers from original muster) of 114 per cent.; Milesburg, No. 261, 80 per cent. Howard, No. 262, 40 per cent; Unionville, No. 263, 40 per cent.; Centre Hall, No. 282, 31 per cent. Snow Shoe, No. 278, had many more than any of the others mustered (as charter members) yet the increase is 30 per cent. Now, beside this each Post has from 3 to 20 applications from recruits wishing to be mustered, No. 261, Milesburg, having the most.(20.)

They have not only increased in number, but in interest. In their current expenses they are all self-sustaining. Some of them have furnished their own rooms; others rent furnished rooms from Odd Fellows, Masons, &c. Three-fourths of the members are in full uniform, and when they turn out can make a creditable display. Men of all shades of politics and all denominations of religion belong to this. The good done by the new Post has been considerable, that done by the older Posts in the county is incalculable. There has also been quite an increase in number in the old Posts in Centre. No. 298 was mustered at Rebersburg Dec. 27, and No. 302 was mustered at Eagleville, Thursday, January 11, 1883, and the musters are not near done yet.

On the 27th of December, 1882, a new Post of the G. A. R., No. 298, was mustered at Rebersburg, Centre Co., Pa. W. P. Shoop, Commander of No. 282, Centre Hall, was the mustering officer. He was assisted by Comrades W. A. Jacobs, Jno. H. Odenkirk, Geo. W. Boal, C. D. Runkle, W. W. Horner, Andrew Gregg, Daniel Schluttman, of No. 282, and Henry Corner, James Bradley, F. K. Holt and Austin Curtin, of No. 261. Some of No. 95 started but their teams gave out and they did not reach the place in time.

S. M. Spangler was elected Commander; Jno A. Miller, S. V. C.; T. E. Royer, J. V. C.; Rev. W. M. Landis, Chaplain; G. H. Royer, Qr. Mr.; Jessie Long, O. D.; Charles Bierly, O. G.; Hon. Henry Meyer, delegate, Rev. M. A. Landis, alternate, to next encampment, January 31. The Post was named after Lieutenant W. W. Bierly, of the 148th Regiment, who was wounded and taken prisoner in front of Petersburg and died in Richmond soon after. He was a gallant soldier. The Post just mustered can never be a large one, but it has good material and will be efficient in the work of the G. A. R. It was the first thing of the kind for Commander Shoop and his men, and they did themselves credit in the way it was accomplished.

—Try one of Harry Green's cigars and you will be delighted.

A Nickel Coin of New Design.

The Secretary of the Treasury has authorized the coinage of a five-cent nickel piece of new design, which is considered as being more in compliance with the law as regards weight and inscriptions than the present five-cent nickel piece. The new coin weighs 21 millimetres (which is one millimetre more than the present coin), and is a little larger and thinner than the one now in circulation. On the face of the new coin is a female head surmounted with a fillet upon which is inscribed "Liberty," the whole being surrounded by 13 stars. The reverse contains a wreath surrounding a Roman numeral representing the denomination of a coin.

—Those who have never bought groceries of Harry Teats & Co. do not understand what advantages they have missed.

The News of a Week in Philipsburg as Presented in the "Journal."

The colored people have formed a jubilee singing club.

A wedding: Mr. Charles E. Murray and Miss May Miller on Christmas day. Ceremony solemnized by Rev. J. B. Polsgrove.

The choir of St. Paul's Episcopal church render music with the accompaniment of several orchestral instruments. The choir as now composed is: D. Atherton, first violinist; C. B. Martin, second violinist; Geo. Harris, cornetist; John Walton, organist; Mrs. D. W. Holt, soprano; Mrs. Dr. Alport, alto; Miss Emma Weber, contralto; D. W. Holt and Jno. Hindle, tenor; Geo. Heimach, George Wythes and H. C. Williams, bass.

Mr. C. F. Fryberger and family, who recently removed from Philipsburg to Penfield, have returned to the former place.

Mr. Ed. H. Test, one of the well known and popular young men of Philipsburg, is filling the position of book-keeper in the railroad office of the A. T. & S. F. R. R. at Atchison, Kansas.

Mr. Ellis McClellan, a life-long citizen of Philipsburg, died on New Year's day, from dropsy, at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. Edward Perks, aged 62, years, 3 months and 6 days.

—A Bishop street man set a steel trap in his cellar to catch rats, and his mother-in-law got her thumb in it, and it was bitten to the bone. She screamed and fainted and he had to go down and bring her up. When she got up stairs she just pranced with pain and carried on dreadfully. He tried to console her by telling her it was too bad; but when he left the house and got around the corner folks were astonished to see him cling to a tree and go into a perfect paroxysm of mirth. Those who heard of his dear relative's accident were so cruel as to attribute his mirth to a far different cause, but in reality he was elated over he fact that he was able to procure such double-refined, extra groceries at Sechler's store; "and that meat," he said, "just takes the cake. Sechler has the two best stores in one that can be found in this part of the country." He would have said more, but being a man of deeds and not of many words he descended High street and carried home a large quantity of groceries from Sechler's store, and his mother-in-law rejoiced.

—Mr. John Weaver, who has been prospecting for coal upon his farm in Taylor township, this county, says the Philipsburg *Journal* of 12th, had sunk two shafts to the depth of 18 and 20 feet, respectively, but was compelled to abandon them on account of water, has now in course of progress a third, reaching a depth of about the same as those previously referred to. In every instance the prospects were sufficient to warrant a continuance of the search, as the rock strata and the sulphurous flow of water are exactly co-existant with that of the Clearfield region, just before reaching the coal belt. Geologists, and men who profess to know, have been called to examine these shafts, and all seem to have but little doubt that the discovery of coal is certain. Should this venture on the part of Mr. Weaver prove successful, he says but a short time will elapse before a new coal field will be opened and the product ready for shipment.

Most Wonderful.

Very seldom do we read of an actual case of recovery, where hope had altogether been lost, to equal that which was on Monday investigated by a *Dispatch* reporter who had heard in various quarters, persons talking to their friends of a cure, seemingly little short of miraculous, that had been performed. Wm. Lincoln Curts is the name of the young man in question. He is now employed at H. K. Porter & Co.'s locomotive works Pittsburgh. His disease was chronic rheumatism. The enormous swelling and pain in the joints of his arm soon produced paralysis of his left arm. He gradually grew worse, his ancles and knees were soon even worse than his arms, his cheek bones began to enlarge, spreading his face out of all resemblance to his former self. Two physicians pronounced him hopeless. Peruna cured him. Page 26, Dr. Hartman's "Ills of Life.

—The unmarried editor of the *Democrat* scornfully repudiates matrimonial alliance with any one of the 33 widows of Centre Hall, who "are all nice and nicely fixed for one who has not got where to lay his head." We entertain quite different sentiments, and if there is a widow in that pretty village who is at once "nice" and worth a $100,000 we might embrace the opportunity.

H. C. Byers, Pottstown, Pa., says: Brown's Iron Bitters cured me of pain in the chest and indigestion.

—The National Guard wanted Adjutant General James W. Latta retained, but Pattison wouldn't hear to it and now Guthrie's the man.

—The frightful loss of life occasioned by the burning of the Newhall House at Milwaukee raises the question: Are the Bellefonte hotels secure from such a disaster? We have two of the largest hotels in Bellefonte to be found anywhere in the State. In case a fire should break out in either of them at an hour when the inmates are soundly sleeping what are the chances of escape from a death like that which befel the unfortunate Milwaukeeans? We have never heard any of the Bellefonte hotels pronounced unsafe, and yet perhaps it would be a good plan for the proper authorities to investigate the matter and ascertain whether or no our hotels are properly supplied with fire escapes. Fires are liable to occur at any time.

—The condition of M. Gambetta is alarming. His friends no longer deny that his state is critical.—*Houtzdale Observer of January* 11.

The above is indeed a wonderful and at the same time a sad revelation for the readers of the *Observer* who are interested in the deceased Frenchman. To think that eleven days after death the poor gentleman's condition should remain "critical" is deplorable. But, has the editor of the *Observer* been visiting the spirit world recently? The information he furnishes would seem to imply as much. If so, when did he come down and how are all the other folks in whom his readers are even more interested? We pause for a reply.

—"Humpty Dumpty on the wall; Humpty Dumpty had a fall. All the King's horses and all the king's men couldn't put Humpty Dumpty up again"—An egg. We wish the same would prove true in regard to the price of eggs. If this popular product of the hennery would descend, in price, to about 10 cents per dozen, and the annual strikes among the fowls would prove unavailing in forcing it up again lovers of the pearly-shelled hen fruit would rejoice.

Soldiers, Attention.

Milo B. Stevens & Co., the well known war claim attorneys, will be represented at Bellefonte, Pa., Friday and Saturday, January 19 and 20, by their special agent. Soldiers and others interested in claims for pensions, increase of pension, arrears of pay and bounty of those charged with desertion, or other claims it is hoped will give him a call. The special agent will be at the office of the prothonotary. 15-2-2t

—Mr. J. V. VanValin, an aged and respected citizen of Unionville, died a few days ago and was buried on Sunday. He was the father of Dr. VanValin, of Unionville. We do not know the venerable gentleman's exact age. We also heard that a little son of Dr. VanValin died Monday morning of brain fever. We sincerely condole with the afflicted relatives in this double calamity.

—The New York Construction Company, who have taken the contract to build the Williamsport and Clearfield (Saylor) railroad from the mouth of Beech Creek to Snow Shoe are expected in Lock Haven this week to sublet the work. The Susquehanna and Southern letting will also take place this month.

—We are glad to learn that James Wian, son of Mr. Peter Wian, whose right leg was amputated about two weeks ago, is getting along finely and expects to be able to be out of bed in about two weeks more. His recovery is much more rapid than was anticipated.

—Young America continues to monopolize the sidewalks and terrorize the pedestrian. Saturday it was dangerous for one to attempt to pass down Spring street, between Linn and Lamb sts. Has Chief Burgess Powers nothing to say on this subject?

—There will be a meeting of the Centre County Pomana Grange at Centre Hall, Thursday, January 18 1883. JAMES A. KELLER, Secretary.

—Mrs. Sallie Reasoner, wife of Mr. William Reasoner, of this place, died Monday evening at her home on Logan street, this borough.

—Mr. W. E. Burchfield, of this place, says the *Democrat*, is building a store house at Philipsburg, which he expects to occupy as soon as finished.

—The new office of P. B. Crider & Son has been painted a brilliant green which rivals June grass in the beauty of its color.

—Meetings will be held every evening of this week in the Methodist and Presbyterian churches.

—Venus is a rarely beautiful object in the morning sky.

Our stock of Woolens is now complete. Clothing made to order cheaper than ever. MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors. 14-46tf

An unspeakable blessing—A dumb wife.

The Bad American Teeth.

The march of progress seems to tell terribly on the teeth, for what other cause there can be for the pre-eminently disastrous condition of the molars of young America it is difficult to imagine. There are at present twelve large factories for the production of artificial teeth in the United States, turning out 10,000,000 teeth a year, while the consumption of gold used in stopping cavities in the natural teeth of America amounts in value to $500,000, and is one of the chief facts that is alarming M. Cernuschi and the bimetalists, as it bears a very large proportion to the annual production of that metal. The present dearth of ivory may perhaps be traced partly to the American demand for molars and grinders, and the ships of Jonathan seem to be as busy in exporting gold and ivory from Europe as those of King Solomon were from Tarshish, though history, which only narates the toothaches of princes, is silent as to whether this evil was prevalent among his subjects about that time. It is an ill wind, however, that blows nobody good, and the American dentist, like the German occulist, flourishes on the physical failures of his countrymen.

The Sustaining Power of Pride.

"Nothing but my family pride sustains me now," said an old gentleman. "I've lost all my money and seen a great deal of hard luck, but I am sustained by my pride."

"Pride's all that keeps you up, eh?" said a bystander.

"Yes, for I am one of the proudest men in the State. Some people blame me for being proud; but ah, sir, if it wasn't for my pride I'd be gone. Just look what I've had to stand and then tell me if you blame me for being sustained by my pride. Some time ago my son Bill was hung for killing a man. But my pride held up. Shortly afterwards my only daughter, who had married well, left her husband and ran away with a brakeman of a construction train. My pride held me above the waves of adversity that beat around my door. Then I was arrested on charge of stealing corn and sent to the penitentiary for a year. I would have sunk under this, but pride came to my rescue. Now, don't you think that pride is a good thing? If it wasn't for aristocracy, sir, I could not hold up my head and face society."

A Massachusetts lady, not much used to housekeeping and not wishing to appear ignorant, ordered some lamb for dinner adding—I want some that is nice and tender, you know, about seven and a half years old.

Caught on the fly—A pair of wings.

Sales Register.

MARCH 8, 1883.—R. L. Underwood, in Union township, will sell a large let of farming tools, stock and household furniture.

JAN. 27, 1883.—John P. Lucas, Administrator of the estate of Warren S. Lucas, deceased, will sell on the premises in Curtin tp. Centre Co., a valuable farm of 90 acres, also a tract of mountain land containing 15 acres. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE
AT THE
STATE COLLEGE.

A FREE LECTURE COURSE ON FARM TOPICS.

The course of more than 30 lectures will be delivered at the Pennsylvania State College, beginning

Tuesday Morning, Jan. 30, 1883,

and ending Friday Afternoon or Evening, February 9. The lectures will embrace a wide range of subjects of special importance to Agriculture, and opportunity will be given, as far as time will permit, for questions and discussion in connection with them. They will be open to all, free of charge, and all interested are cordially invited to attend any one lecture or the whole course.

A few rooms in the College can be supplied at a charge of $3.00 for each room, this charge including rent, fuel, and use of such furniture as is furnished to students, viz.: bedstead, mattress, table, washstand and chairs. Other articles, such as light, bedclothing, towels, etc., will need to be furnished by the occupants for themselves.

Table board can be had at the hotel or with private families in the village, the usual charge by the latter being $3.00 per week. A few, by early application, can procure board in the College Club, at their regular rates of about $2.00 a week.

The lectures will treat of a variety of important and interesting subjects, as follows:

1. By PRESIDENT ATHERTON, *Two Lectures:* Industrial Education, and Political Economy for Farmers.
2. By PROF. MCKEE, *One Lecture:* Book-Keeping for Farmers.
3. By PROF. JORDAN, *Fifteen Lectures:* Agricultural Chemistry, 4; Fertilizers, 3; Stock-Breeding, 2; Cattle Feeding, 3; Dairying, 3.
4. By PROF. BUCKHOUT, *Eight Lectures:* Botany, 2; Fruit Growing, 3; Vegetable Gardening, 1; Entomology, 1.
5. By PROF. OSMOND, *Three Lectures:* Farm Mechanics, 2; Meteorology, 1.
6. By PROF. BARNARD, *One Lecture:* Roads: their construction, maintenance and drainage.
7. By PROF. EWING, *One Lecture:* The Anatomy of the Domesticated Animals.
8. By PROF. BELL, *Two Lectures:* Drinkable Waters, and Adulteration of Foods.

Persons proposing to attend the course will promote their convenience and ours by notifying us in advance.

Communications on the subject may be addressed to PROF. MCKEE State College, Centre Co., Pa. 15-3 3t

FOR SALE—A choice lot of Pure Bred Plymouth Rock and Brown Leghorn Chickens. This is a rare chance for lovers of fine poultry to improve their stock.
3-4t JAS. I. MCCLURE, Bellefonte, Pa.

Notice of Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing between Harry Teats and S. A. Stover, under the firm name of Harry Teats & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 5th day of January, 1883. All debts due the said partnership are to be paid, and those due from the same are to be discharged by HARRY TEATS who will continue the business at the same place under the name of Harry Teats & Co. HARRY TEATS,
15-2-3t S. A. STOVER.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE—Estate of Samuel Riders, deceased.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Samuel Riders, deceased, late of Ferguson township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

I. A. C. RIDER, } Executors.
MRS. M. A. RIDER, }
Guyer P. O., Dec. 20, 1882. 15-2-6t

Frank P. Blair.

FRANK P. BLAIR

has just received another lot of small Stem Winding Watches in Silver and Nickel, just the thing to make a boy happy, as it's the height of any boy's ambition to carry a Watch. These are reliable and serviceable, and are not expensive.

Also some more of those little bits of Watches which are so fashionable among the girls. These are much worn in other places and are considered just the thing.

A large line of Children's sets of Knife, Fork and Spoon with and without cases in Extra and Triple Plate. They are decidedly elegant goods; much more so than at any other season. A very few dozen of the Genuine Rogers' Triple-Plated Knives. They are as cheap as the imitation and worth twice the price of any other knife offered.

A Gold Headed Cane would likely be just the thing you are looking for; they are useful, ornamental and always appreciated.

Gold Thimbles from the lowest in price to the most elegant They are always just the thing and last a lifetime, and you can make no mistake.

See the Castors and Cake Baskets.

I would like to show you my leading Tea Set—cheap and just the thing for actual use, Copper Bottom, and can be set on the stove and used the same as Britannia or tinware, and they come very little higher than a common unplated set.

Some people thought it foolish to bring a stock of Fine Diamonds to Bellefonte, but they will find considerably more Diamonds worn here after the holidays than before.

Your attention is particularly called to Japanese wares. They are genuine goods made in Japan and not in Jersey. They must be closed out this week as I have no room to keep them over. They are all below the cost of importation and some of them are given away for nothing.

FRANK P. BLAIR,

No. 2, Brockerhoff Row.

Goldsmith Brothers.

LOOK! LOOK!

Great mark down in every

DETARPTMEN

—AT THE—

BEE HIVE ONE PRICE

STORES.

Prior to our annual inventory in February, we have decided to close out as many goods as possible, by offering special inducements to our many patrons and the public at large.

N. B.—Still an extra discount of

10 and 20 PER CENT.

ON

FURS, FURS,

LADIES'

Coats and Doimans.

GOLDSMITH BROS.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Heartrending Details of the Milwaukee Fire.

MILWAUKEE, January 10—Newhall house, a six-story brick building corner of Nich street and Broadway, was burned to the ground this forenoon. The fire was discovered at 4 a. m. In less than half an hour the whole building long designated as a death trap, was enveloped in flames. Scenes of utmost terror prevailed, the inmates of the doomed building jumping by dozens from the upper stories, and covering the stone sidewalks with lifeless bodies. The shrieks of the unfortunates filled the air in a heartrending manner, the people below being unable to render any aid. Quite a number of terrified guests and employes of the hotel appeared at the windows, and seeing the distance to the ground, fell back to perish in the flames. The employes of the hotel, which accommodated eight hundred guests, numbered eighty-six, and mostly lodged in the sixth story. Exit by way of the roof was cut off by fire, and two stand pipes with fire ladders were not available for the same reason. Very few were saved by jumping on canvas. All the stores and offices on the ground floor, with their contents, were destroyed. They were on the Michigan street side.

Three fire engines were sent from Chicago and rendered valuable help. The fire department called for assistance from the soldiers' home, but General Sharpe refused to send the steamer, at which the indignation is great.

The Tom Thumb party and the Madison Square company are all safe, so far as learned. Mrs. John Gilbert, of the Minnie Palmer troupe, married only two days ago, was burned to death in sight of the multitude. It can safely be said that sixty people are dead and thirty seriously wounded.

The scene at the morgue, where now thirty-two bodies are lying in a ghastly heap on the floor of a small room, are heart-rending beyond human power to describe, and a strong police force is necessary to keep anxious inquirers in line. Nineteen bodies have been indentified. Eight bodies are beyond recognition. Mrs. John Gilbert's body is positively identified. It was a touching scene to see the bride of a night upon the cold marble, charred and bruised. Anguish is depicted in the delicate features. It is said she was a Miss Sutton, of Chicago, previous to her marriage to Mr. Gilbert, who is maddened beyond control.

Eleven waiter girls were brought safely across the frail ladders stretched over the alley from the sixth story of the hotel to the roof of the adjoining building. Jumping cloths did little service. About twelve unfortunates attempted to jump, but rebounded on the telegraph wires, a perfect maze of which surrounded two fronts of the building. Appeals for aid were piteous. But little could be done.

Shortly before the Newhall house alarm part of the department was called to a small fire about three miles distant, and before the department was in working order the hotel was one blazing fire. Tom Thumb got out of the front entrance, and his wife was taken down the fire escape by a fireman. S. W. Crampton, Misses Herbert and Dunlap, and W. A. Lovelle, of the Madison Square company, arrived by the midnight express. The whole party was saved by the fire escape, only partially dressed. Chief Clerk Tice, who had a narrow escape, says there were 110 boarders and 90 employes in the hotel. So far fifty-six are unaccounted for.

The total loss on the hotel is about $500,000. Insurance, $125,000.

LATER.—There is loud talk of incendiarism and in this theory the chief and the police first on the ground concur. No tangible ground for such a theory can be found, however, beyond the fact that the fire broke out near the foot of the elevator and spread so rapidly that the building was destroyed in half an hour. Regarding the origin of the fire Mr. Antisdel said the night watchman saw the fire first, but before he could do anything the flames shot up the elevator igniting every door. "I am confident that the fire started in the elevator, but how I cannot say. I was awakened by the noise and rushed out to find the building filled with smoke and flames and people flying for their lives." A number of the guests say the fire started in the basement and went through the elevator to all parts of the house before an alarm could be given.

The persons holding the canvas upon which those from the building were called on to jump were so few in number as to be unable to stand the shock caused by the falling bodies and many more might have been saved by this device had there been more persons on the street at that early hour to assist in holding the canvas. Several who jumped from windows fell upon a mass of telegraph wires and were terribly mangled. It is reported on the street that there were 350 guests in the house last night. If this be true the horrors that will be revealed on the removal of the debris will be too dreadful to contemplate.

To Quit Work.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 9.—The moulders of Pittsburgh and Allegheny to the number of three hundred decided to-night to quit work rather than accept the reduction ordered by the employers, to go into effect the 4th of next month.

Two Boilers Explode.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., January 9.—Shortly after 2 o'clock this afternoon a frightful boiler explosion occurred at No 1 blast furnace of the Bethlehem iron company, resulting in the death of four men and a woman and in the serious injury of several others. Ten boilers were located over the engine house at an elevation of thirty-five feet. Five of these were forty inches in di meter and thirty-six feet in length and the others were smaller and were used for heating purposes. Two of the largest boilers exploded with terrific force, wrecking the exterior of the engine house and demolishing nearly half of the pattern shop adjoining the engine house. One of the boilers was carried through the ventilators and broke through the roof of the old mill and fell to the ground. Of the ten boilers only three were left in position. The scene that followed was one of great alarm and consternation. The workmen rushed to and fro in their excitement and it was at first believed that the loss of life was much greater. The interior of the engine house was filled with debris and men were at once put to work to search for those missing. An hour or so after the bodies of George Gready and Jesse Bright, the engineers, were found. At the time of the explosion they were engaged in repairing the machinery connected with the boiler. Samuel McCandless, one of the boiler tenders, was scalded to death. Another man was taken from the ruins who was not recognized. The wife of a puddler named Graft, who had brought his dinner, was passing through the engine house at the time on her way home and was killed, the body being picked out of the debris.

Lawyers Fighting in Court.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 7.—General John B. Henderson, late United States senator, and ex-Congressman Don Morrison, brother of Congressman William Morrison, of Illinois, had a fight in the circuit court room here yesterday. Morrison made some remark that irritated Henderson and the latter called him a liar. Morrison, white with rage, hit Henderson over the head with his heavy walking cane. Then Henderson sailed in with his fists, blacked Morrison's eyes and broke his nose, after which Henderson arose and proceeded with his argument, only stopping to ask pardon of the court for his action. Had not other attorneys pulled Henderson, who is a very powerful man, off Morrison he would have killed the latter. As it was he beat him up terribly.

Graveyard Insurance.

HARRISBURG, January 8.—On the complaint of the attorney general based upon information from the insurance commissioner the court this morning granted a rule on the Fidelity mutual beneficial society of Elizabethtown, Lancaster county, returnable on Wednesday next, requiring the company to show cause why its business should not be closed. There are a large number of suits now pending against the company in the Dauphin county court. The order is based on information that the company is insolvent and that its assets are not sufficient for carrying on business. The company is of the "graveyard" class and has been doing considerable business.

Lot M. Morrill Dying.

AUGUSTA, Maine., Jan. 8.—Lot M Morrill is not expected to live through the night. His physician was called to attend him on Sunday night at 11 o'clock, his family and attendants then believing him dying. The physician remained with him all the time until 7 o'clock this morning and has been by his bedside occasionally throughout the day. Several times during Sunday night it was thought he was dying, but with wonderful power he clung to life, rallying again and again, when it seemed as though the vital spark had fled. All the members of his grief-stricken family and his brother, Ansan P. Morrill, were with him during last night and to-day.

The Victory at New Orleans.

BOSTON, Mass., January 8.—To-day the seventy-second anniversary of Hickory Jackson's victory at New Orleans was appropriately observed by the political disciples of the favorite General in this state. A banquet was had at the Revere house at which nearly all the old "war eagles" of the democracy of the state were present. Governor Butler, with Colonel French, occupied the head of the table. Speeches were made by all the leading dignitaries.

The Presidential Succession Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The presidential succession bill to-day passed the senate by a vote of 40 to 13. The bill provides that in case of removal, death, resignation or inability of both president and vice president, the secretary of state shall act as president, and if their be no secretary of state the secretary of the treasury shall so act, the vacancy always to be filled by the cabinet officer next in rank The acting president to hold the office until the vacancy is lawfully filled.

A Double Tragedy.

LARIEN, January 7.—A double tragedy was enacted yesterday on the turpentine farm of Mr. Hayman, about twenty miles from here. A negro entered Mr. Hayman's house while the latter was at dinner and fired at and wounded him. Mr. Hayman knocked the negro down, took his pistol and shot him. Both have died of their wounds. Mr. Hayman was a reputable citizen, in good circumstances. He leaves a widow and children.

Polk Rearrested.

SAN ANTONIO, Jan. 9.—Marsh T. Polk, the absconding Treasurer of Tennessee, was captured yesterday afternoon near Webb Station, eighteen miles from Rio Grande. The capture was made by Officer Joe Sheely. The officer is noted for breaking up stage robbing in West Texas, and sending seventeen offenders to the Chester (Illinois) Penitentiary. Polk had obtained a horse, having left the cars at Webb Station with a view of reaching Mexico at an isolated point above Laredo. The officer was aided in making the arrest by Pullman Palace Car Conductor Cook. After the capture Officer Sheely at once telegraphed Governor Hawkins, of Tennessee, and then placed his prisoner on the train and conveyed him to Laredo where he was put in jail. The officer, with his prisoner, will arrive in this city at six o'clock tomorrow morning. Polk was travelling in disguise, but the method of escape he adopted is regarded as very stupid, indicating that he had no knowledge of the telegraphic facilities of the country nor of the character of the border officers.

Horrible Scenes in a Ball Room.

LYNCHBURG, Va., January 9.—At a ball in Bedford county, on Saturday night, a young lady, named Edelle Read, said to Scott Clayton, who was calling the figures that he was not calling them correctly. He made some short response, which was resented by one of Miss Read's admirers. Armstead Barkesdale later called Clayton out. Hot words passed. Barksdale drew a knife, sprang on Clayton, and inflicted a horrible gash from the right eye to the back of the neck, severing the jugular vein and causing immediate death. The scene in the ball room was sickening. Women in fancy ball dresses fainted, falling into pools of blood, and a regular melee followed among the partisans of the two men. Barksdale escaped unobserved, and wandered to another part of the county, where he borrowed a gun from an acquaintance and completed the tragedy by shooting himself through the bowels. He died at 5 o'clock last evening.

Knights of Labor.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 9.—A secret meeting of the Knights of Labor, composed only of miners, was held in this city to-night. It is learned, however, that the question of increased wages was discussed and that they will at an early date make a demand upon the coal operators throughout this section for a scale of wages as fixed by them and based upon the present prices of coal.

The eastern division of the Pennsylvania committee of the prohibition party met here to-day. The delegates present were from the counties of Philadelphia, Bradford, Lackawanna, Luzerne, Montour, Susquehanna and Columbia. They decided to appoint an organizer in each county and to form clubs in every city, borough and township in the state for the purpose of promoting the interests of the party.

Helping Up the Circulation.

PHILADELPHIA, January 7.—Two men giving their names as Patrick McBride, of New York, and William Sanders, of this city, were arrested this morning in a saloon, where they stopped for a valise. Twenty-five counterfeit Bland dollars were found together with a quantity of metal, a battery, a ladle for melting the metal and a small crucible. The prisoners will have a hearing to-morrow.

Death of Lot M. Morrill.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 10.—Hon. Lot M. Morrill died this morning. He suffered very little, and his last moments were without pain or struggle. The members of his family and attending physician were present at his last moments. The dying man recognized his family, and with his last breath attempted to bid them farewell, but, with the word on his lips, his spirit passed away.

Mission House Destroyed.

VICTORIA, B. C., January 7.—News of an alarming character has been received from the Indian mission at Millakattah. The attempt of the English church authorities to force Bishop Ridley on the natives met with determined opposition from the first. A month ago the Bishop was warned by the Indians to leave, but he refused to do so. It is said that the Indians attacked and destroyed several mission houses.

Mrs. Melville in Court.

MEDIA, Pa., Jan. 8.—Mrs. Melville, the wife of Engineer Melville, of the Jeannette expedition, was in the Delaware county court with her children to-day to answer a writ of habeas corpus issued to determine whether she or Mr. Melville is entitled to the custody of the children.

Cold Weather.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9.—The weather in northern Illinois this morning was exceedingly cold, the temperature being higher here than at most points. The thermometer ranged from ten to thirty degrees below zero early, but at 5 o'clock it marked fifteen degrees above zero and was gradually raising.

To be Reduced.

CHATTANOOGA, Jan. 9.—The Roani Iron Works, the largest industry in the south, has given notice of a reduction from ten to twenty-five per cent. on the 20th. The Amalgamated union will probably not accept and a strike will result. The company employs 1,200 men.

A Heavy Failure.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Jan. 8.—Charles H. Schad, postmaster of Wolcottsville, Niagara county, and heavily engaged in business in this section, made a general assignment this morning. His liabilities are some $75,000, and assets about $50,000.

Telegraph Operators have a Narrow Escape.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 8.—A fire in the telegraph block at 7 o'clock this evening, commencing at the foot of the elevator, almost instantly spread to the two upper stories which, with the roof, were burned out. The night force of fifty-eight operators in the Western Union office found escape by the stairway cut off but all were rescued with the fire escape ladders. M. S. Corbett, chief operator, was severely burned.

Legislating Against Passes.

HARRISBURG, January 9.—In the senate to-night Mr. Everhart presented a bill prohibiting the issuance of passes by railroad corporations except to officers and exployes. It provides a penalty of one hundred dollars for a violation of the act. It does not apply to passes issued before the adoption of the new constitution or the passes granted for a valuable consideration under contracts made between corporations and individuals.

Report of the Tariff Commission.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The ways and means committee to-day completed its work upon the tariff commission report, with the exception of some further revision, which will be done after the reprinting of the schedules in connected form, which will be done at once. The committee hopes to be ready to report the bill before the end of the week.

Gowen Re-elected.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 8.—At a meeting of the Reading railroad stockholders to-day the old board of managers, headed by Franklin B. Gowen, was re-elected, the vote for each of the members being 329—shares. There was no opposition. Samuel Barton was present as Mr. Vanderbilt's agent and voted 75,000 shares for Mr. Gowen.

One Sort of a Michigander.

From the Detroit Free Press.

A certain Michigander, who had long succeeded in dodging a creditor, was a few weeks ago cornered in the office of a mutual friend and the creditor began: "Sir, you have owed me $25 for a year past, and now I want to know what you are going to do about it?"

"Well, I'll think it over."

"There will be no thinking it over my friend. "If you don't pay me I will sue you."

"You will?"

"I will, sir!"

"Then you'll be certain to get a judgment. The party which brings the suit always gets the verdict before a Justice. Knowing this, you will take advantage of me?"

"I will."

"Very well. Now, then, I deny that I owe you a dollar."

"You do?"

"I do sir; but in case you want to borrow $25 of me for a week here it is."

"I don't care whether you call it paying or lending, so long as I get my money," replied the creditor, and he made out a receipt in full and took the money.

At the end of the week he was asked to return the loan, but laughed at the absurdity of the request. Suit was begun to recover it, the mutual friend used as a witness, and the plaintiff received judgment in his favor and had a clean receipt to show for the debt.

"BOTH CAN'T SURVIVE," says Pennsylvania on all her state documents. The Keystone State means that there is an irrepressible conflict between tyranny and freedom, and one or the other must succumb. So there is between health and disease. Every force that fights successfully against disease should be heartily welcomed. Such a force—a host in itself—is Hunt's Remedy, and its special line of attack is against kidney and liver diseases, over which it achieves a wonderful triumph. If you have bodily weakness, an aching back, a general sense of weariness or inertia, or dropsical symptoms; if the kidneys or liver are deranged, there is no such medicine as Hunt's Remedy. It gives notice to all such diseases to quit. Pennsylvania is right; both Hunt's Remedy and these diseases can't survive, and it is they that are conquered.

Mr. Tennyson's new play, "The Promise of May," is a failure. When it is stated that it contained neither a ballet, bloodhounds, a train-robber hero, nor an educated mule, its failure to score a success will surprise no one.

A Most Remarkable Case.

Dying—yet living. Dr. Miller, of 129 South Tenth street, Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I am personally acquainted with a middle-aged lady in Philadelphia, who had been given up to die by a consultation of many physicians. She was confined to her bed for months, and was momentarily expected to die. In this condition she took Manalin and, to the surprise and disappointment of all, she recovered her health perfectly." Her case is reported in Dr. Hartman's book on the "Ills of Life," 31st page. Ask your druggist for one, or address Dr. Hartman, Osborn, O.

A great many of the young ladies we greet upon the street are works of art—if not of nature.

Chronic Troubles Removed.

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa., Sept. 21, 1881.

H. H. WARNER & Co.: *Sirs*—By the use of your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure I have been permanently cured of a chronic liver trouble which had annoyed me for years.

GEO. F. PAINTER.

Most men who start a newspaper generally have a little money but lack experience. After they run it awhile they generally have all the experience they want but lack money.

How often do we hear middle-aged people say regarding that reliable old cough remedy, N. H. Downs' Elixir: "Why, my mother gave it to me when I was a child, and I use it in my family; it always cures." Who can name another medicine with such a record as this? Dr. Baxter's Mandrake Bitters is another good medicine; and Arnica and Oil Liniment is just what it is recommended to be.

Chicago girls never go to the theatre with a young man without taking along enough money to buy tickets for both. Then if the chap discovers that he has been "robbed," they don't have to walk around until the play is over.

W. B. Harris, Wrightsville, Pa., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters thoroughly cured me of malarial fever.

Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer.

It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water and, as its name indicates, is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not in any manner affect the health, whether sulphur, sugar of lead, and nitrate of silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggists for it. Each bottle is warranted. Smith, Kline & Co., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia, and Hall & Ruckel, New York. 14 24 1y

Miscellaneous.

PENNSYLVANIA

STATE COLLEGE.

Winter Term Opens January 5, 1885

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Full Scientific Course of four years.
3. The following SPECIAL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the full Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A Classical and Scientific Preparatory Course.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, *President*, 14-28-1f *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

Guenther's Lung Healer,

IMPROVE THE HOUR For the cure of

CONSUMPTION,

TRADE MARK.

Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh of Chest, Dyspepsia and all diseases of the Pulmonary Organs. Price 25c., 50c. and $1 00. Ask your Druggist for it.

GUENTHER & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa. nov20-6m

MOUNTAIN HOUSE,

Eagleville Station, Centre Co., Pa.

FRANK R. STOVER, PROPRIETOR.

Convenient to depot. Meals at all hours Good stock of Cigars always on hand. 14-20-3m

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time. $66 a week in your own town, $5 outfit free. No risk; Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work, write for particulars to H. HALLIET & Co., Portland, Maine. jan1 d6m&w

The New York Weekly Herald.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

The circulation of this popular newspaper is constantly increasing. It contains all the leading news of the Daily Herald and is arranged in handy departments. The

FOREIGN NEWS

embraces special dispatches from all quarters of the globe. Under the head of

AMERICAN NEWS

are given the Telegraphic Dispatches of the week from all parts of the Union. This feature alone makes

THE WEEKLY HERALD

the most valuable chronicle in the world, as it is the cheapest. Every week is given a faithful report of

POLITICAL NEWS

embracing complete and comprehensive dispatches from Washington, including full reports of the speeches of eminent politicians on the questions of the hour.

THE FARM DEPARTMENT

of the *Weekly Herald* gives the latest as well as the most practical suggestions and discoveries relating to the duties of the farmer, hints for raising Cattle, Poultry, Grains, Trees, Vegetables, &c., &c., with suggestions for keeping building and farming utensils in repair. This is supplemented by a well-edited department, widely copied, under the head of

THE HOME,

giving receipts for practical dishes, hints for making clothing and for keeping up with the latest fashions at the lowest price. Every item of cooking or economy suggested in this department is practically tested by experts before publication. Letters from our Paris and London correspondents on the very latest fashions. The Home Department of the *Weekly Herald* will save the housewife more than one hundred times the price of the paper. The interests of

SKILLED LABOR

are looked after, and everything relating to mechanics and labor saving is carefully recorded. There is a page devoted to all the latest phases of the business markets, Crops, Merchandise, &c., &c. A valuable feature is found in the specially reported prices and conditions of

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

Sporting News at home and abroad, together with a Story every week, a Sermon by some eminent divine, Literary, Musical, Dramatic, Personal and Sea Notes. There is no paper in the world which contains so much news every week as the *Weekly Herald*, which is sent, postage free, for One Dollar. You can subscribe at any time.

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Broadway and Ann St., N. Y.

Miscellaneous.

With that **COUGH** when there is a remedy at hand so **pleasant**, so **certain**, and so **safe**, that the most delicate child may take it without danger. It is called

GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT

It contains all the virtues of Tar in a *concentrated* form, combined with the best **Expectorants** and **Anodynes**, the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the BEST KNOWN REMEDY for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Try one bottle and be convinced. Price **50 cents** per bottle. Manufactured only by

F. POTTS GREEN, BELLEFONTE, PA

JAS. HARRIS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Hardware and Stoves,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

A First-Class Tin Shop in connection with the Establishment.

NEUTRALIZED.

In what way a Prevalent Evil may be Shorn of its Power to Harm.

Malaria is a broad name for many diseases—all originating in blood poisoning. Bilious fever, the typhus and typhoid fevers and chills and fever are prominent members of the family. Malaria defies alike the builders, the plumbers and the physicians. Despairing of ordinary treatment, the latter almost unanimously recommend BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER as the greatest anti-malarial specific of the age. These plasters act upon the liver, spleen, bowels and kidneys.

Worn over the region of the liver, and upon the back over the kidneys, they ward off malaria like an armor. No other plasters do this.

When you purchase satisfy yourself that the word CAPCINE is cut in the center of the plaster.

Seabury & Johnson, Chemists, New York. Highest awards at International Expositions. 15-2-4t

Iron City College

The most complete Institution in the United States for the thorough, practical education of young and middle aged men. Enter at any time. For circulars giving full particulars address J. C. SMITH, A. M., nov29-8td&w Pittsburg, Pa.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, there will be exposed at public sale on the premises in Curtin township, Centre county, on Saturday, the 27th day of January, 1883, at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described

REAL ESTATE,

late the property of Warren S. Lucas, deceased, to-wit:

A valuable farm, of the noted Red-shale soil adjoining lands of Job M. Lucas, Job W. Packer, John J. Packer and McCloskey Brothers, containing about sixty acres neat measure thereon erected a good new frame house, a bank barn and other outbuildings. There are two orchards of good fruit and a well of never-failing water on the premises. Church and school convenient.

Also, a tract of mountain land in same township, adjoining lands of John McCloskey and others, containing fifteen acres, and well supplied with wood for farm uses.

Terms of sale: One-third in cash on confirmation, the balance in two equal payments, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. Fifty dollars to be paid when the property is knocked down.

15 1 3w JEHU P. LUCAS, Adm'r of Warren S. Lucas, dec'd.

MANHOOD

How Lost, How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the radical cure of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by Self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self abuse may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Address,

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO., 41 Ann Street, New York, N. Y. Post Office Box, 450. 14 4 1y

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—What if a girl whistle?
'Twont make your hair bristle,
Or scratch like a thistle.
A whistling lassie,
Need not be sassy,
Or vulgar or brassy,
Nor psalm or epistle
Has thrown the first missile,
At women who whistle.
It is quite as becoming,
As singing or humming,
Or playing or strumming.
Be just philosophic,
Oh men, on this topic;
Not misogynistic,
Nor grumpy, nor mystic!

—Lock Haven has twelve churches and only two church bells.

—Williamsport theologians are discussing the *pros* and *cons* of the faith cure.

—The reason Bellefonte hasn't a brass band is because the last one disband-ed.

—And now the L. H. *Journal* is poking fun at the Williamsport *Breakfast Table.*

—There is a Duke in the State Legislature. That's Democratic reform with a vengeance.

—The year 1883 will be the greatest year for business that Bellefonte ever experienced.

—Now it is intimated that cats are becoming scarce owing to the great demand for seal skin sacques.

—The hats that some of the Bellefonte girls wear on the streets would make good half-mile race tracks.

—Owing to illness, Miss Petrikin s school for children, in this place, has been closed for several weeks past.

—Willis Heagy, fireman of engine No. 59, was instantly killed in a wreck near Duncannon on Tuesday of last week.

—There seems to be very few musical conventions in Centre county this winter. What's the matter with your vocal organs?

—Hunters are probably aware of the fact that it is no longer legal to shoot deer, wild turkeys, squirrels, partridges and rabbits.

—We wish that the date would soon be fixed for that Y. M. C. A. reception. We're getting hungry for cake and music; don't you?

—Some of the water pipes have evidently sprung a leak judging by the quantity of running water and ice formations in the streets.

—A notice in the post office at this place advertises for Mr. Henry Rich, the missing New York button merchant. It is signed by his wife.

—William H. Vanderbilt's large purchase in the Clearfield coal region is attracting the attention of capitalists in all parts of the country.

—Colonel Pressly L. Guthrie, of the 18th regiment, N. G. P., has been tendered the office of Adjutant General of the State under Governor Pattison.

—Dr. J. F. Alexander, of Centre Hall, mourns the death of a little son, who was attacked by croup while visiting relatives in Millheim and died on Friday, January 5.

—One of the cars on the Snow Shoe branch at the Intersection jumped the track on Tuesday of last week and swinging around, knocked the water tank into "smithereens."

—What the majority of people are searching for is a comfortable house with about six pleasant rooms, well arranged; a half acre of garden and a half-dozen bearing fruit trees all for about $75 per year.

—The semi-annual convention of the Pennsylvania division, Sons of Veterans, met at the hall of Post 58, Grand Army of the Republic, in Harrisburg, Tuesday afternoon, the 9th instant, at two o'clock.

—The lecture by Professor Jordan, of the State College, will be given in Y. M. C. A. hall on Thursday evening, January 18. It will be the second lecture in the Y. M. C. A. free course and all are invited. Subject, "Food."

—The annual sale of Plymouth church pews took place in Brooklyn on Sunday night, the 7th instant. The total amount realized was $37,001 Rev. H. W. Beecher said during the services that he doesn't expect to live very long.

—Some parts of Clinton county are infested with highway robbers. Jacob Rider, an employe of the Mill Hall paper mill, was knocked insensible by a club in the hands of one of them on Saturday evening, the 6th instand, and relieved of a purse containing $36.

—Somebody "went through" the money drawer in Valentine's stores on Sunday evening, the 7th instant, but were caught before they made their exit from the stores. That was all the information vouchsafed us by a trio of enterprising clerks and our readers can imagine the rest.

—Altoona *Tribune:* Ex-Governor Curtin has appointed Dr. Raub in connexion with President Atherton, of the State College, Judge Bucher, of Lewisburg, and Dr. Dobbins, of Bellefonte, a committee to examine candidates for appointment to cadetship from his congressional district.

Our Inherited Resources and Their Use—An Educational Tariff—Redemption of Railroad and County Wealth.

Mr. James Wolfenden, of Lock Haven, has written us quite a long communication on the above topics from which we extract such paragraphs as seem to be of peculiar importance. He has given the subjects such thorough study that he is well fitted to write authoritatively upon them, and his words should be given careful attention. He says:

"In the moving panorama of public events the observing traveler obtains information which is only of value when imparted to the public, to enlist co-workers in those improvements that cannot be obtained alone. Hence the need of Boards of Trade and industrial committees, with that powerful factor—printers' ink—as a circulating medium for the interchange of ideas pertaining to the public welfare, which in a measure includes all. Its value pivots on doing the most good with the least labor. With this object I avail myself of the opportunity of tendering your readers the following:

"The inherited resources of Clinton, Centre and Clearfield counties are coal, timber, iron ore and limestone, all of which are of good quality and found in abundant quantity and in accessible altitudes."

* * * * * *

"The highest value of the many material advantages which the region possesses has not yet been attained. The casual observer is astonished at the small showing of the mines and the four Centre county furnaces as compared with furnaces in eastern cities that manufacture valuable crude iron. They thus enhance values and profits, three-fold more than is obtained in the sale of pig iron and blooms. Charcoal and iron ore hauling has reduced labor and material to a mere pittance, as is proved by the quality of work compared with eastern mills. The average price of labor in the former, including forge workers, is $1.40 per day, and in the latter, for laborers, machinists, engineers, heaters, rollers, &c., $2.25. These mills manipulate the iron billets into sheets, nails, &c., which could be more profitably done near first supply, by having the Mining Eastern and Western Railroad through Centre county. When the railroad is built the county will soon become the most attractive manufacturing district between the two coal fields, or including the whole Allegheny mountain range."

"Steam railways and mills adjacent to the Nittany iron ore mines would result in railroad and material cash dividends on the product of the mines, forests, farms, &c., which the property owners on the route have the power of erecting, by granting free roadway. This would direct eastern surplus capital and labor into a more remunerative investment than the formation of electric light companies."

"Christianity calls for garden cities on the mountain ranges and its water power changed for domestic homes and steam motor. Every half pound of water generated into steam is one horse power per minute, and those mountain streams, thus used, would be one hundred fold more valuable than now, and it can be made available by the people helping on those public improvements that cannot be effected unaided and which benefit every class."

"New industries that will give direct employment to 22,000 and indirectly keep in motion 100,000 people manufacturing tin-plate, which will be accomplished in the educational modification of the tariff on sheet iron coated with any metal, duty 2½ cents per lb., and on sheet iron of the same grade, not coated, 2 cents per lb. This would benefit producers and consumers in creating staple price and improved quality by home competition, in which Clinton, Centre and Clearfield counties would be important factors. Russia knows the importance of paving the way for introducing a better class of tin-plate for home wants and in its *new tariff*, which went into effect last July, the schedule received by the Department of State, at Washington, has been converted into English equivalents payable in gold, and reads, "Tin-plate, lacquered or not lacquered, also all kinds of sheet iron covered with zinc, copper or any other metal 13s 8d per cwt.," which by American specific rate is 2¾ cents per lb. duty.

"Railroad cost of hauling is only *one tenth* the cost of teams in local traffic and much less in through freight. On the Erie R. R. it is four mills a ton for one mile. The same is true in regard to passenger transit. Time being counted money, traveling in the slow, freezing stage coach drives the capitalist and mechanic to railroad cities. * * * The great need of a redemption grand trunk railway between the Eastern and Western worlds is apparent to every one familiar with the country, and with the object of aiding in the movement I would suggest that every reader use, in any standard railroad map, a pin stake at New York city and one at Council Bluffs-Omaha, Union Pacific Railroad, and with a straight line it will show a practicable, profitable route between Milton and Bellefonte or Milesburg, making a saving of 23 miles through a district that would speedily have a large local traffic, and by the Reading and Central R. R. of N. J., Bellefonte and New York would have railroad 73 miles shorter, with a tempting westward extension to the Allegheny river, crossing the mountains diagonally. It would reveal more diversity of scenic beauty than any other route. Building connecting links to eastern and western railroads would have a two-fold mission—railway and county redemption."

Lightning Rod Agents.

During the sultry hours of last summer a lightning rod firm which transacts business in a neighboring city sent forth, its hungry emissaries to prey upon whomsoever they could devour. While the summer thunder storm was sweeping fitfully overhead uttering its terrorizing notes of warning and sending forth its sharp shafts of electricity, the wily lightning rod agent would gather 'neath the too-hospitable roof of some confiding farmer and with a well-oiled tongue seek to impress upon his mind the belief that his only safety from instant destruction depended upon the immediate purchase of one of the electrical conductors manufactured by this lightning firm. Taylor township was the principal scene of their questionable operations in Centre county. We can imagine their presence among the agriculturalist's happy household on one of these occasions. His patient wife and blooming daughters sit near like roses in a flower garden. Just after a deafening report and a brilliant flash, the agent falls upon his knees in a suppliant attitude, and pointing with one hand at a daughter while he waves the other ominously overhead, utters the petition: "Behold, fond father, thy happy wife and daughters; wouldst thou see them struck dumb, or burned to cinders, or lying prostrate and lifeless at thy feet. If not; then, oh then, invest thy cash in one of ——'s lightning rods; and thou and thy family shalt live happily all the rest of thy days."

Well, in several instances they persuaded the farmer to invest in their electrical apparatus, and if he did not have the cash they had him sign a note of the tightest kind. Widows were treated in the same way, the persons who signed the notes not knowing, in many instances, what sort of instrument they were signing their names to. But the victims were enlightened in regard to the nature of the note a few days ago when Sheriff Dunkle received several writs of execution from the aforesaid firm which will require him either to collect the money or to sell the property of the several note-signers for the purpose of recovering it. In one or two instances the cost of the lightning rods is almost equal to the whole value of the house, one bill of $77 for two rods on one house being conspicuously large. Several of the more wealthy persons who have been thus imposed upon will contest the execution; while others who cannot afford to contest will probably be sold out. The firm that practices this kind of work is not known to the business world as J. W. Hog & Son, although that would be an appropriate title for it. We don't believe a Centre county jury will give them much consolation, and their agents will go in another direction next summer.

Hymeneal.

A very pleasant social event took place on Thursday evening, Jan. 4, at the residence of Mr. Willard C. Vanvalin, in Unionville, it being the occasion of the marriage of Miss Clara C. Bathurst sister of Mrs. V., to Mr. George O. W. Baker, of Williamsport, Pa.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. A. Woodcock in the presence of about forty invited guests. After the congratulations, which were genial and most cordial, the company repaired to the dining room, where a sumptuous feast was partaken of. The presents were numerous and valuable.

The happy couple, followed by the best wishes of their many friends, left on the 9 p. m. train for Philadelphia. W.

—A lumberman who came from Lock Haven to Bellefonte on the 5:59 a. m. train on Tuesday of last left his pocketbook containing thirty dollars on the seat in the car. He was much concerned about his loss until a telegram from Tyrone, in answer to one of inquiry sent by him, informed him that his missing property had been found by the train master and would be restored to its owner.

Free Lectures on Farm Topics.

The series of free lectures for the benefit of farmers which have recently been given annually at the State College, by the very competent Faculty of that institution, will begin this year on Tuesday morning, January 30, to continue without intermission (Sunday excepted) until Friday, February 9, the concluding lecture being given on the afternoon of that day. The limited space at our command forbids us dwelling at length on the general excellence of this course of lectures or its importance to the agricultural community. The lectures will embrace a wide range of subjects, of special importance to agriculturists, and opportunity will be given, as far as time will permit, for questions and discussions in connection with them. They will be open to all, free of charge, and all interested are cordially invited to attend.

The same inducements that were offered last year will be extended to those who will attend the coming course. A few rooms in the College can be supplied at a charge of $3.00 for each room, this charge including rent, fuel, and use of such furniture as is furnished to students, viz: bedstead, mattress, table, washstand and chairs. Other articles, such as light, bedclothing, towels, &c., will need to be furnished by the occupants for themselves.

Table board can be had at the hotel or with private families in the village, the usual charge by the latter being $3.00 per week. A few, by early application, can procure board in the College Club, at their usual rate of about $2.00 a week.

Persons attending the lectures will have opportunity to attend recreations and other college exercises, thus acquainting themselves with the character of the instruction, and the facilities here offered for obtaining a "liberal and practical education."

—Petersburg, Huntingdon county, comes booming to the front with a well authenticated faith cure. The person cured was John R. Neff, who lives on a farm near Petersburg, with his widowed mother, Mrs. Lizzie Neff. He is now 24 years old. When 10 years of age he had a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism. He grew worse and at the age of 17—seven years ago—entirely lost the use of his limbs, walking with the aid of crutches, and never going further than the yard. He bore his sufferings bravely, studied to store his mind with useful knowledge and was remarkably bright and intelligent, being a devout and zealous member of the M. E. church. He read of the miraculous cure of Mrs. James Miller, of Illinois, who formerly lived in Ennisville, Huntingdon county, and corresponded with her. She told him to confer with Miss Carrie Judd, leader of the faith meetings at Buffalo, N. Y. He did so, and Miss Judd designated the hour of 8 o'clock on the evening of the 4th instant, when prayers for his restoration would be offered up at Buffalo, in which prayers he was to unite. He was confident of restoration and invited friends to witness the triumph of prayer, about forty assembling for that purpose. He cast aside his crutches and at precisely 8 o'clock arose unaided and walked from friend to friend, shaking hands with them. Their wonder was unbounded. The occurrence has made a great sensation in that neighborhood.

—Mr. James Reed, of Birmingham, recently purchased a house and lot owned by Messrs. John and Amos Garberich at Coleville and removed to the latter place with his family last week. The property which he has just acquired possession of is quite a desirable site. We understand he paid cash for it something like $600 or $700 dollars. It adjoins the Rhone property on one side, and also the Humes and Garberich properties. If that Buffalo Run railroad takes in Coleville, converting that village into a city, the value of James R's domain—which extend 70 feet front by 150 feet—will be forced up to a high figure.

—The accident at the works of the Bellefonte Nail Company (limited) on the 8th, about 1 o'clock, by which Charlie Rodgers was quite severely injured, was much worse than was reported to us by telephone from that establishment. We regret to learn that the young man's left arm was broken in five places below the elbow and he is now suffering very acutely. Something was wrong with the workings of the smaller engine and Charley had his arm in an extended position, when the fly wheel broke, a piece of it weighing about 600 pounds striking his arm with the result related.

—The Executive Committee of the Centre county Sabbath School Association held a meeting in the office of S. D. Ray, Esq., on Tuesday morning, the 9th.

Election of Officers.

From the *Centre Democrat* we learn that the citizens of Howard have organized the "Howard Band Association," the officers of which are as follows: Balser Weber, president; Bernard Lauth, vice president; John A Woodward, secretary, and H. A Moore, treasurer. The Association organized a band officered by B. Poulsen, leader; H. W. Brickly, assistant leader; A. A. Schenck, secretary, and H. A. Moore, treasurer. The band will be known as the "Howard Cornet Band."

Also that the Methodist Sunday-school of this place elected the following officers on Sunday, the 27th: Superintendent, S. D. Gray; ass't, supt's., W. I. Fleming and J. G. Love; secretary, J. I. McClure; treasurer, D. M. Lieb; librarian; Edgar S. Swarts; ass't librarians, H. H. Schroyer and D. M. Lieb; organists, Nellie Kline and Josephine Schrom.

—There is a lull in the amusement season.

Miscellaneous.

PE-RU-NA

"For Neuralgia in the Limbs, stomach, back, breast, side, shoulder-blades, or anywhere else, take PERUNA."
"For Cramp of the Stomach, Colic, Biliousness, Diarrhœa, or Vomiting, take PERUNA."
"For Cough, Asthma, Night Sweats, Shortness of Breath, take PERUNA."
"For Chronic Nasal Catarrh, Bronchitis and Sore Throat take PERUNA."
"PERUNA is the purest, most prompt, and efficient medicine known to man."
"PERUNA is the best appetizer, purest tonic, finest invigorator of the body and mind."
"If you can't sleep, if you are weak, or worried mentally, take PERUNA."
"But remember the most important of all is that PERUNA will cure Chronic Nasal Catarrh, Bright's Disease, and Diabetes of the Kidneys."
If your druggist is out of our pamphlets on the "Ills of Life," or if you are laboring under a disease not mentioned in it or in these advertisements, address the proprietors, S. B. Hartman & Co., Osborn, O.
For Constipation and Piles, take
MAN-A-LIN
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Single Bottle $1.00; Six Bottles, $5.00.

The Holidays are Over,

But we ushered in the New Year with joy and pride, and in order to make everyone feel happy, at least for the present, we have decided to close out all our heavy winter goods in the line of overcoats, coats, pants and vests, boots and shoes, hats and caps, etc., at cost, for the next sixty days, at the Boston Clothing House, lately opened in Reynolds' Block, Bellefonte, Pa. Anybody in need of clothing, in business and dress suits, will find a large line to select from and at prices fully 25 per cent. less than sold before. Now, don't stand upon the order of going, but go at once to the Boston Clothing House, Bellefonte, Pa., and supply yourself in clothing, boots and shoes, even if you don't need them, as it will pay you to buy now. Remember, you'll never have this opportunity again to buy at such low prices as offered now at the Boston Clothing House. If you have not got the money, borrow it; but don't delay and go at once to the Boston Clothing, Boot and Shoe House, Bellefonte, Pa. 15 1 4w

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ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

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The *Domestic Monthly* is an Illustrated Magazine devoted to

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ITS FASHION NOTES are prepared from the advices of London and Paris special correspondents, and a number of New York reporters. The Fashion articles contain the latest, most correct and most complete styles of any Fashion Magazine published.

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During the coming year all the interesting departments will be continued, while new ones will be added.

Literary Department.

The *Domestic Monthly* will each month offer a variety of choice literature in the shape of serial and short stories, poems, essays on social, domestic and artistic topics, criticisms, reviews, etc., etc. Among the numerous contributors may be mentioned Mrs. H. W. Beecher, Louise Stocton, Helen Campbell, Paul H. Hayne, Will H. Hayne, Mrs. E. E. Dickinson, C. L. Norton, Mary Ainge DeVere, Marie S. Ladd, Howard Glyndon, Paul Pastnor, and many others.

The HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT will continue under the able direction of Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher, who has contributed to this department many valuable papers during her editorial direction of the past two years.

Early in 1883 the "MONTHLY" will be enlarged in size.

The Cheapest Good Magazine Published.

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Address,
"DOMESTIC MONTHLY,"
15-2-2t 853 Broadway, N. Y.

NOTICE is hereby given that the account of James F. Weaver, committee of T. M. Hall, has been filed in the office of the prothonotary of Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, which said account will be presented for confirmation at the next term of said court.

jan5-3wd&w J. C. HARPER, Prothonotary.

Miscellaneous.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS.
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PATENT WATER WHEEL,
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5 46a812-tf.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Hon. Charles A. Mayer, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 25th judicial district, consisting of the Counties of Centre, Clinton and Clearfield, and the Hon. J. G. Larimer and the Hon. J. K. Runkle, Associate Judges in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 9th of December, A. D., 1882, to me directed, for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre, and to commence on the fourth Monday of January, being the 22d day of January, 1883, and to continue two weeks, notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 1st day of January, in the year of our Lord, 1883, and in the one hundred and sixth year of the independence of the United States.

THOMAS J. DUNKEL, Sheriff.

51-4t

$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed We will start you. Men, women boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co. Augusta, Me. 1aldém&wly

BARTRUFF'S
Is the place to go for
New Carriages, Buggies, Wagons
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IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF CENTRE COUNTY.—Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the said Court, on Monday, January 29, 1883, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled, "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for a charter incorporating the Boalsburg Academy, at Boalsburg, Centre county, the character and object of which is the instruction and education of youth in the useful arts, sciences and literature, and for the purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

15 1 3w JOHN G. LOVE, Solicitor.

THE SUN,
NEW YORK, 1883.

More people have read THE SUN during the year just now passing than ever before since it was first printed. No other newspaper published on this side of the earth has been bought and read in any year by so many men and women.

We are credibly informed that people buy, read and like THE SUN for the following reasons, among others:

Because its news columns present in attractive form and with the greatest possible accuracy whatever has interest for humankind; the events, the deeds and misdeeds, the wisdom, the philosophy, the notable folly, the solid sense, the improving nonsense—all the news of the busiest world at present revolving in space.

Because people have learned that in its remarks concerning people and affairs THE SUN makes a practice of telling them the exact truth to the best of its ability three hundred and sixty-five days in the year, before election as well as after, about the whales as well as about the small fish, in the face of dissent as plainly and fearlessly as when supported by general approval. THE SUN has absolutely no purpose to serve, save the information of its readers and the furtherance of the common good.

Because it is everybody's newspaper. No man is so humble that THE SUN is indifferent to his welfare and his rights. No man is so rich that it can allow injustice to be done him. No man, no association of men, is powerful enough to be exempt from the strict application of its principles of right and wrong.

Because in politics it has fought for a dozen years, without intermission and sometimes almost alone among newspapers, the fight that has resulted in the recent overwhelming popular verdict against Robesonism and for honest government. No matter what party is in power, THE SUN stands and will continue to stand like a rock for the interests of the people against the ambition of bosses, the encroachments of monopolists, and the dishonest schemes of public robbers.

All this is what we are told almost daily by our friends. One man holds that THE SUN is the best religious newspaper ever published, because its Christianity is undiluted with cant. Another holds that it is the best Republican newspaper printed, because it has already whipped half of the rascals out of that party, and is proceeding against the other half with undiminished vigor. A third believes it to be the best magazine of general literature in existence, because its readers miss nothing worthy of notice that is current in the world of thought. So every friend of THE SUN discovers one of its many sides that appeals with particular force to his individual liking.

If you already know THE SUN, you will observe that in 1883 it is a little better than ever before. If you do not already know THE SUN, you will find it to be a mirror of all human activity, a storehouse of the choicest products of common sense and imagination, a mainstay for the cause of honest government, a sentinel for genuine Jeffersonian Democracy, a scourge for wickedness of every species, and an uncommonly good investment for the coming year.

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The several editions of THE SUN are sent by mail, postpaid, as follows:

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14-50-6t THE SUN, N. Y. City

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the final account of Isaac Mitchell, assignee for the benefit of the creditors of Joseph B. Thomas, has been filed in the office of the prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the county of Centre and that the said account will be presented for confirmation at the next term of said court.

J. C. HARPER, Prothonotary.

jan5-3wd&w

Bellefonte Republican.

DWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—"Twas Sunday morn, and Rev. Jones
Was breakfasting with Gray.
Said Jones, "Another bit of steak,
As I have to preach to-day."
"Guess I'll brace up a little, too,"
Said Gray, his eye a-glisten,
And he helped himself to a hunk of meat,
"For you know I have to listen."

—Philipsburg's electric light is now manufactured by steam power

—Was it Commissioner Clerk Walker who fell into the "raging canawl" at Harrisburg?

—The saw mill of H. K. Sankey & Co., near Millheim, has been furnished with a superior engine for motive power.

—The *Reporter* says that the county commissioners have unanimously elected Mr. L. B. Frank, of Rebersburg, mercantile appraiser.

—Of the five persons who presented themselves at the mourners' bench in the M. E. church during last week three have professed conversion.

—Henry Gares' horse fell down on Saturday night just in the rear of the railroad station building, but after some effort was induced to rise and trot (?) on again.

—Colds are very prevalent and exceedingly dangerous. Guard against taking cold, but if you have one use remedies that will relieve you of it as soon as possible.

—Ada Flora, only daughter of Benjamin and Henrietta Limbert, of Gregg township, died on Wednesday, the 3d instant. She was five years and six months old.

—Mr. H. C. Pennebaker, of Milesburg, has been appointed ticket agent and telegraph operator at Philipsburg, and has already entered upon the discharge of his duties.

—The man with a snow shovel is now reaping a bonanza. Twenty-five cents for five rods of pavement is the standard price. One hundred rods is considered a good day's work.

—Gold headed umbrellas are coming into fashion again, therefore we shall begin to carry the one we laid aside long ago because we thought it as well to be out of the world as out of fashion.

—Three Huntingdon boys have recently been more or less severely injured by coasting accidents. One had the fingers of his right hand broken, another had his nose spread all over his face, and a third got a gash in his neck and bit his tongue half off.

—Mr. W. Bucknell, of Philadelphia, a generous supporter of many public institutions, on Thursday handed to the board of trustees of the University at Lewisburg, his check for $100,000, including his own subscription of $50,000, which was made on condition that $50,000 more should be secured.

—We were much surprised to hear some of the details in regard to Francis Speer's trip to the State College on Wednesday last, but do not like to expose him—especially the manner in which he took advantage of the poor toll-gate keeper. He will probably explain if you ask him about it.

—J. W. Miller, General Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., delivered a sermon to the large congregation who assembled in the Methodist church on Friday evening. We have heard it spoken of by those who were present as an excellent and effective discourse. Four mourners came forward during the service.

—From the Philipsburg *Journal*: "Our young friend, Mr. Walter Bayard, of Bellefonte, who fills prescriptions and dispenses medicine for the sick at F. Potts Green's popular drug store in that place, spent a couple days in Philipsburg during the holiday season. Of course, he favored us with a call. Shall be glad to see you often, Walter."

—One of those fellows who has been going with a girl for three or four years "popped the question" last night. First, his face flushed a rosy red and then he blanched as white as snow. She said he looked as sweet as a confectioner's pop corn ball and "to be sure" she'd have him. The ring was given and in a month she'll take him by the ear and lead him to the altar.

—The Millheim *Journal* describes the bell in the tower of the new Lutheran church of that place as follows: It has a very melodious minor or "A" tone, weighs 745 pounds, and was cast at the Buckeye Bell Foundry, VanDusen & Tift, proprietors, Cincinnati. The entire cost including mounting and fixtures is between $225 and $230. H. E. Duck, Esq., and Mr. John H. Frank pay for all and donate the bell to the congregation. Other gifts will be gladly received from all who desire to make large donations.

Installation of Officers of Progress Grange, P. of H.

In a well written account of the public installation of officers of Progress Grange, P. of H., in Centre Hall, on Wednesday afternoon, the 3d instant, the *Reporter* says that at 1 o'clock p. m. the members and their families and invited guests began to arrive, until at 2 p. m. every available seat and space in their hall was crowded to its full capacity. As soon as all could be comfortably seated the Master's gavel fell and the meeting opened with the appropriate installation ceremonies of the order. The assemblage was then greeted by two little girls coming out upon the platform holding between them the motto and pronouncing the word "Welcome' to the assembled guest; then stepping forward were seated on the front steps of the stage, when seven little boys and girls came forward, and each in turn recited a verse ending with the seperate letters of the word 'Welcome' —at the same time turning a card exposing the letter assigned to them. At the close the entire class pronounced the word "Welcome" and recited the closing verse together. This was a novel but appropriate greeting to the assemblage and was heartily applauded.

The Master of the State Grange was then introduced and installed the officers for the ensuing year in accordance with the beautiful and appropriate ceremonies of the Order. Officers installed are, James A. Keller, Master; Joshua Potter, Overseer; Mrs. M. S. Rhone, Lecturer; Levi Stump, Steward; John Emerick, Chaplain; Dan'l Fleisher, Treasurer; W. Neff, Secretary; James Ruble, Gate Keeper; Miss May Rhone, Pomona; Miss Bella Keller, Flora; Miss Hallie Stump, Ceres; Miss Mattie Boat, Lady Asst. Steward. At the close of the installation three young ladies were introduced who recited a very appropriate dialogue entitled "Perseverance"—it was short but very naturally played and merited the very hearty applause it received. Then was given a tableau—"Santa Claus," and a real one it was too; for when the curtain was drawn one of the characters appeared and asked the children all to separate themselves to one side of the house, when he was challenged by them to "come on." He, not to be out done, went into their midst and distributed lots of good things, to their surprise. Speeches were also made by farmers on the importance of the course of studies in our common schools being so arranged as to teach the natural sciences of Botany, Entomology, etc., instead of the higher mathematics of Algrebra, Geometry, etc., which are of but little use in the ordinary avocations of life. The unjust and unequal burdens of taxation upon agriculture as compared with other property were discussed. Altogether it was a most delightful and profitable entertainment participated in by parents and children. It will evidently be only a few years until all this concourse of little folks will be in the Order as they can now scarcely be restrained from joining with their parents, and as they arrive at the age of 14 years one after the other is being enrolled in its membership.

Dividing the Diocese.

At the last diocesan convention of the Episcopal church a committee consisting of Rt. Rev. M. A. DeWolfe Howe, Revs. Hewitt, of this place, Follman, of Manch Chunk, Leverett, of Carlisle, and Messrs. S. H. Reynolds, of Lancaster city; Rodney C. Mercur, of Towanda; Henry C. Eckert, of Reading, and Mr. Drinker, of Bloomsburg, were appointed to ascertain and report at the next annual convention three lines, from which one will be selected for the division of the central diocese. The committee Thursday, at Reading, agreed to submit the following for the action of the convention.

I. The new diocese is to be composed of the Harrisburg and Williamsport convocations with Lebanon county, now attached to the Reading convocation.

II. The new diocese to consist of Williamsport and northeast convocation. This division is known among churchmen as the east and west line.

III. The new diocese to comprise all the territory of the central diocese lying west of the Susquehanna river.

The *first* of these three lines is substantially identical with the vote *twice* passed in the convocation of Williamsport, that, if they cannot secure a new diocese composed of that convocation alone, they will gladly accept one containing the two convocations of Williamsport and Harrisburg.

Over $30,000 have been subscribed toward the Episcopal fund of the new diocese.

—During the year 1882, dogs killed 340 sheep in Lycoming county and mangled 47, and the money paid out by the county to the owners was $2,324,60. This sum and more, was raised by a tax on dogs.

Centre County and the State.

Among the moneys paid into the State Treasury by citizens and corporations of Centre county during the year 1882 were the following:

Agricultural College and Junction Turnpike Road Company	$ .98	
Bellefonte Gas Company	95.64	
Boalsburg and Bellefonte Turnpike Road Company	2.36	
Bald Eagle Valley Railroad Company	3,275.10	
Bald Eagle, Nittany, Brush and Pennsvalley Turnpike Road Co.	11.02	
Bellefonte Building and Loan Association	111.57	
Centre Hall Water Co.	7.75	
Centre Mining and Manufacturing Company	6.00	
Millheim Turnpike Road Company	.88	
Millheim Building and Loan Association	76.98	
Milesburg Building and Loan Association	15.08	
First National Bank of Bellefonte	600.00	
Centre County Banking Company	252.26	
Moshannon Banking Company of Philipsburg	83.09	
Philipsburg Banking Company	178.04	
W. F. Reynolds & Co., Bellefonte	470.00	
Bellefonte Borough	776.21	
Snow Shoe Coal Company	166.67	
Tax on personal property	1,413.17	
Tax on writs, wills, deeds, &c., W. E. Burchfield, Register	$ 15.04	
J. C. Harper, Prothonotary,	283.02	
J. A. McClain, Register	24.73	
F. E. Bible, Recorder	436.50	
W. A. Tobias, Recorder	184.95	
Total	$944.24	$944.24
Tax on collateral inheritance, W. E. Burchfield	532.25	
J. A. McClain	389.06	
Total	$921.31	$921.31
Tax on Tavern licenses, Adam Yearick, Treasurer	.50	
D. C. Keller, Treasurer	1,197.50	
Total	$1,198.00	$1,198.00
Retailer's licenses, Yearick	17.27	
Keller.	1,500.00	
Total	$1,517.27	$1,517.27
Eating house licenses, D. C. Keller, Treasurer	114.00	
Brewers' licenses, D. C. Keller, Treasurer	142.40	
Billiard licenser, Adam Yearick, Treasurer	6.35	
Auctioneers' licenses, A. Yearick	3.57	
D. C. Keller	14.25	
Total	$17.82	$17.82
Peddlers' licenses, D. C. Keller	7.60	
Theatres, circuses, &c., D. C. Keller,	57.00	
Bonus on charters—Centre County Coal and Iron Company	187.50	
Total		$12,651.39

Centre county has drawn from the State Treasury as follows:

A. G. Kreamer, mercantile appraiser,	$ 29.88	
Company B, Fifth Regiment, N. G., Colonel Theo. Burchfield, headquarters expenses	100.00	
Field and staff pay roll, encampment, 1882	350.15	
Headquarters expenses, '82,	100.00	
Total	$550.15	$550.15
D. M. Wolf, superintendent public schools		1,500.00
Appropriation to Centre county common schools		7,032.33
Total		$9,112.56

Mustered In—a New G. A. R. Post at Blanchard.

Post No. 302, G. A. R. was organized on Wednesday night, January 10, at Blanchard, this county, by Comrade Gen. J. I. Curtin, of Post No. 251, of Milesburg, and other members of the order from various places. A large delegataion from Post 122, Lock Haven, was present. Supper was partaken of at Kunes' Hotel, after which the visitors were escorted to Quigley Hall and the new Post was installed. The officers are as follows.

Commander, William Singer.
Senior Vice, Uriah Kitchen.
Junior Vice, J. E. Eaton.
Chaplain, H. Lucas.
Surgeon, C. McCloskey.
Quartermaster, J. A. Quigley.
Adjutant, T. A. Snyder.
Officer of the Day, John Abbott.
Sergeant Major, H. A. Snyder.
Ordnance Sergeant, Peter Martin.

During the ceremony, which was beautifully carried out according to the ritual of the order, members of Post 95 of Bellefonte, 122 of Lock Haven, 261 of Milesburg and 262 of Howard, participated. Instructions were given the recruits by aid of a scioptricon. The effect produced was grand.

Clearfield Coal Company.

From the Lock Haven *Journal* we learn that the Clearfield Bituminous Coal Company was organized at Clearfield on Wednesday, by the election of the following officers: President, C. J. Langdon, Elmira, N. Y.; vice president, S. R. Peale, Lock Haven, Pa.; tressurer, John Arnot, Elmira, N. Y.; secretary, William D. Celly, Elmira, N. Y.; superintendent and engineer, G. H. Platt McIntye Pa. The capital of the company is $5,000,000. The Susquehanna and Southwestern Railroad Company was also reorganized on Wednesday, and the work of extending the road to Clearfield will be pushed forward at once. One hundred miles of road will be built to connect with the Reading and Pine Creek system, in order to give additional transportation facilities for the movement of the products of the Clearfield coal mines. The following officers were chosen: president, William A. Wallace, Clearfield, Pa; vice president and treasurer, Cornelius Vanderbilt, New York. Among the directors are W. C. and C. Vanderbilt.

—A communication in the Clearfield *Republican* alludes to the death of the late Mrs. R. C. Crittenden, of this place, as follows:

Many of our readers will be pained to hear of the death of Mrs. Jennie Crittenden, the wife of the estimable Sunday-School Missionary Rev. R. C. Crittenden, which occurred at her home in Bellefonte, of consumption, after more than a year's suffering. During her closing moments, as she had strength, she uttered some precious words of Scripture, the last of all distinctly whispered, "The Lord is my light and my salvation." The sympathy of many homes will be extended to her husband and children in this sad bereavement.

Wedding Anniversary.

On Wednesday evening, the 10th instant, Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Smith, who preside over the affairs of the High street bakery, celebrated the 25th anniversary of their wedded life by giving an entertainment to their numerous friends, who assembled in large numbers at Mr. S's residence on Logan street in honor of the event. A generous and elegant collation was spread and was heartily partaken of by all present. The presents received were unusually numerous and costly, including the following articles:

Butter dish, by Mr. and Mrs. Twitmire; butter dish, Mr. and Mrs. C. Strickland; spoon holder, M. A. Kirk, M. D.; individual caster, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Heisler, pickle caster, W. C. Middlekauff and J. D. Smith; pickle caster, J. R. Van Ormer; pickle caster, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Gerberich; caster, W. H. Seidenstricker, of Hagerstown, Md.; cake dish, S. D. Gray and D. M. Leib; cake dish, Mr. and Mrs. Cal. Lose; set of forks, C. Smith; clock, Mr. and Mrs. J. Dawson; soup tureen, Dr. A. S. Smith and wife, of Altoona; set of knives, Mrs. L. Haas and family; set of knives, George Eaton and wife; set of spoons, Mr. and Mrs. J. Meese; set of forks, Mr. and Mrs. F. Lehman; set of forks Mr. and Mrs. H. Walkey; set of spoons, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Van-Ormer; set of spoons, Mr. and Mrs. D. Wisotzkey; spoonholder, Mr. and Mrs. Frank P. Blair; silver dollar, Charles Hamm; pair of napkin rings, Walter Bayard; pair of napkin rings, Sallie B. Graham; pair napkin rings, Nellie M. Kline; one cake, G. Keebler & Co., of Philadelphia.

We received on Thursday from Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Smith a box of fine cake and confectionery, a part of the elaborate feast they spread before their guests on the occasion of their silver wedding on Wednesday evening. We learn from the *Watchman* that Mr. and Mrs. Smith were married in Fishing Creek Valley, Ferry county, on the 10th of January, 1858—twenty-five years ago—by Rev. Wm. Humberger, her maiden name being Matilda Davis. The result of this marriage has been nine children, one of whom, a boy babe, died when only a few months old. Three boys and five girls are living, all of whom when not going to school are employed about the house and bakery, making a lively and interesting family.

[Communicated.]

School Report.

The following is a correct report of the Juniata school, situated in a calm rendezvous in the district of the Juniata mines, in Half Moon township, for the month ending Friday, January 12th, 1883:

Number enrolled during month males, 11; females, 10; total, 21.

Average attendance during month: males 9; females, 8; total, 17.

Average attendance during term: males, 8; females, 8; total, 16.

Per cent. of attendance during term till date: males, 94; females, 88; total, 91.

Per cent. of attendance during month: males, 94; females, 92.

The following named pupils have been present every day during the month: George W. Everhart, Chas. Daywalt, Amanda Brindle, Annie Reeder and Clara Strayer. With the exception of one-half day George M. Wike has been present every day since the school opened.

FRANK S. BURKET, Teacher.

—On Wednesday, January 3, Lewis Bailey and a man named Appleton were chopping trees along the public road in Pike township, Clearfield county. They felled a tree and then set about trimming off the limbs working toward the road, in which direction the tree had fallen. When they reached the road the horror of Mr. Bailey can better be imagined than described when he discovered his own sister lying dead beneath the tree top. Where it struck the road the tree was no larger than a man's leg and the men probably thought it would not reach so far. The only inference concerning Miss Bailey is that she was passing the tree at the fatal moment and failed to get out of its reach. The deceased was Miss Lizzie A. Bailey, daughter of Abram Bailey, of Pike township, and was a highly esteemed lady. She was aged about thirty years.

—There is evidently an army of tramps passing through this section of the country, judging from their frequent appearance in Bellefonte of late. Monday morning an able-bodied, well-dressed individual made the tour of Linn street begging for alms. He met with good luck and the astonishing manner in which he stowed the victuals away left the impression that he hadn't enjoyed a square meal since Christmas. There is no telling about this, however, as the bread basket of the average tramp seems to be limitless.

Personal Pencilings.

Judge Linn is in the Quaker City.

Mr. James Cornelius, it is said, has quit the express business.

Miss Bessie Montgomery, of this place, is visiting friends in Lock Haven.

Rev. Hewitt returned from Reading on Thursday evening and preached as usual on Sunday.

Miss Emma C. Heckmen, of Penn Hall, has returned home after a protracted visit in the West.

Mr. George Hunter Niceley, a former resident of Stormstown, this county recently removed to Birmingham, Pa.

Rev. J. K. Miller, of Centre Hall, will remove to Logansville in the near future, where he will continue pastoral labors as of yore.

John Bartruff is selling so many sleighs this winter that he'll have to build a bank to keep his surplus cash in before the season is over.

Mr. Harry Teats, of the firm of Harry Teats & Co., has been confined to his house by illness several days past. We hope he may soon recover.

The Misses Green, daughters of F. Potts Green, of this place, are entertaining their friends, Mrs. Barger, of Lewisburg, Pa., and Miss Snodgrass, of Mifflinburg, Pa.

Miss Bella Rankin, of Boalsburg, passed through town on Thursday en route for Philipsburg where she will visit a friend, expecting to be absent several weeks.

Mrs. Harry Hicks was called to Philadelphia last week to see her little son, who had quite a severe attack of measles while visiting among friends in that city. Mrs. H. returned on Saturday.

Prof. J. H. Kurzenknabe, a musical director of fame in and about Millheim, will be temporarily engaged in conducting three large singing classes in the sprightly village of Senaca, New York State.

Mr. Finley E. Johnston, the eldest son of Postmaster John T. Johnston, departed on the 10 a. m. train west on Tuesday, the 9th, for Grand Rapids, Mich., in which city he will locate, engaging in the painting business. We wish him success.

Mrs. Ivens and daughter, of Milton, who have been visiting the family of Mr. Daniel Garman in this place, for some time past, returned home on the 10 a. m. train Saturday, accompanied by Miss Minnie Garman, who will remain with them for a short time.

Mr. Robert Cole, foreman for the Phœnix Plaining Mill, has been suffering from a severe attack of neuralgia several days past, which necessitates his absence from work. Meanwhile, the position is filled by Mr. Calvin Smith, also an employe of the mill.

Mr. W. D. Blackburn, State Organizer of the Constitutional Amendment Association of this state, was in town on Thursday, departing on the 6 o'clock p. m. train for Beech Creek, where he began the organization of the work in Clinton county on Saturday.

H. H. Harshberger, Esq., has removed his law office from the rooms on the corner of High and Allegheny streets, formerly occupied by Yocum & Harshberger, to the room on Allegheny street, opposite the Brockerhoff House, occupied by D. F. Fortney, Esq.

Miss Minnie Beaver, one of the most vivacious and accomplished young ladies of Lewisburg, is visiting friends in the vicinity of State College. She recently passed a short time among her acquaintances in Lock Haven and we understand that she will favor Bellefonte with her presence before returning home.

Miss Lizzie Forster, the accomplished daughter of Major R. H. Forster, of this place, presented her father with an elegant and appropriate Christmas gift. It was a very correct crayon portrait of the Major, which will be the more highly valued from the fact that Miss Lizzie was the artist and exhibited great ability in executing it.

—The Philipsburg *Journal*, always a very neat and readable newspaper, has made extensive and notable improvements with the beginning of the new year, the first issue in an improved form appearing on Friday, the 12th. It has assumed the favorite quarto, (8-page) shape and contains a much larger amount of reading matter than ever before. Its local department is well filled. In short, improvement is visible in every page and in in every line except in the head-line, which spoils the appearance of the first page. Substitute a plain, readable letter, such as previously ornamented your neat journal, Friend Bair, and we shall consider the Philipsburg *Journal* a thing of beauty and a joy forever.

—Vennor's predictions are n. g. this winter.

Anniversaries and Holidays.

The principal holidays and anniversaries yet to occur during 1883 are as follows: Septuagesima Sunday, January 21; Shrove Sunday (Fastnacht), February 4; Ash Wednesday, February 7; first Sundry in Lent, February 11; St. Valentine's day, Wednesday, February 14; Washington's Birthday, February 22; St. Patrick's day, Saturday, March 17; Palm Sunday, March 18; Good Friday, March 23; Low Sunday, April 1; Rogation Sunday, April 29; Ascension day, (holy Thursday), May 8; Pentecost (Whit-Sunday), May 13; Trinity Sunday, May 20; Corpus Christi, Thursday, May 24; Decoration day, Wednesday, May 30; Independence day, Wednesday, July 4; first Sunday in Advent, December 2; Christmas, Tuesday, December 25.

—If anybody wants to cook a ham in cider they should proceed according to the following recipe: Put a pint of cider and a cup of brown sugar into enough water to cover the ham; boil three hours or until the skin will peel off easily. Remove the skin, cover the ham with a crust of sugar, and bake in a slow oven, three hours. Dissolve a cup of sugar in a pint of cider, and baste the ham frequently while baking. If the cider is very sweet use less sugar.

Pittsburgh Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THIS PAPER BY R. BEATTY, SON & CO.,

No. 193 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., wholesale PRODUCE COMMISSION HOUSE.

Established in 1850. They receive and sell all kinds of Country Produce, Domestic and Foreign Fruit and Vegetables.

Shippers and country dealers having seasonable produce, etc., for sale are invited to consign or correspond.

PITTSBURGH, PA., January 15, 1883.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

APPLES—New, choice, per bbl. 4 00; Good 3 50a4 00; medium, 2 00 a 3 00.

APPLE BUTTER—per gal. 50a70c.; Apple Jelly, 8a7c. per lb.

BUTTER—Dairy, 25a27c.; "Gilt Edge," 23a25c.; Creamery, 35a40c.; Choice Ohio, 18a20c., Extra Choice Ohio, 22a25c; Medium, 12a15c.

BEANS—Choice Navy at 2 40a2 50; Medium, 2 00a2 25; Mixed, 1 50a2 00; Lima, 7a7½c. lb.

BACON—Country, clear sides, 10a12c.; Ribs, 10a11c.; Shoulders, 9a10c.

BROOM CORN—Extra choice green hurl, 8a9c.; No. 1 hurl, 7a8c.; choice short green, 4a5c.; inferior, 3a4c.

CIDER—Per bbl. 00a10 00; crab apple 9 00a10 00

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sliced, 8a10c.; do., quarters, 6a7.; Peaches, halves, 6a7c; peeled, do, 15a18c.; pitted Cherries, 23a25c.; Raspberries, 34a35c.; Blackberries, 15a17c per lb.

FOREIGN FRUITS—Lemons, 3 00a3 50 per box.; Messina Oranges, 3 50a4 00 per box; Val. 7 00 a 7 50 per case; Bananas, 2 00 a 4 00 per bunch.

FEATHERS—Live Geese, per lb., 56a60c, Mixed, 45a50c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh, 27a28c.

SEEDS—Timothy, per bushel, 2 00a2 15; Clover, 5 00a5 25 for small; 5 25a5 75 for large.

VINEGAR—Choice Wine and Malt, 25a30c. per gal.; Country 13a15c. per gal., as to quality.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, 85a 90c. per bush Bananas, 2 00 to 4 00 per bunch; Onions, 1 50 to 2 00 per bbl; Sweet Potatoes, Jersey, 3 25 to 3 50 per bbl.; Baltimore, 2 00a2 50; Cranberries, 4 75a5 00 per box. 15 00a16 00 per bbl.

GROCERIES.

GREEN COFFEE—Fancy Rio, per lb. 12c.; do., 12½c.; Prime Rio, 10½c.; Good Rio, 9½c.; Ordinary, 8c.; Java, 20a22c.

ROASTED COFFEE—In paper, per lb., 16a20c.; lower grades, 12½a13c.; in bulk, 11½a15c.; Java, paper, 24a26c.; Java, bulk, 24a25c.

SUGARS—Standard A, per lb., 8¾c.; Windsor A 8¼c.; Prairie B, 8¼c.; Refined Yellow, 7a7¼c.; Molasses Yellow, 7¼a8c.; Granulated, 9¼c.; Powdered, 9¾c; Crushed, low, 9¾c.; Cut Loaf, 9¾c.

SYRUPS—Choice Maple Flavored, 38c.; Prime Maple Flavored, 39c; Choice Sugar Syrup, 49c.; Prime Sugar Syrup, 50c.; Good Sugar Syrup, 48c.; Black Strap, 28a29c.

RICE—Rangoon, per lb., 5¾a6¾c.; Carolina, 6a7¾c.

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES—Choice, 60c.; Strictly Prime, 58c.; Prime, 56c.

TEAS—Young Hyson, per lb., 25c.a1 00; Gunpowder, 25c.a1 00; Imperial, 35a80c.; Japan, 23a70c.; Oolong, 22a75c.; Souchong, 22a65c.

GRAIN, FLOUR, FEED, ETC.

FLOUR—Fancy Patents (spring and winter) 7 00a7 50; Fancy St. Louis (winter), 7 50a7 75; Fancy Family, White, Amber and Winter, 6 00a6 25; Choice Family (choice red winter), 5 25a6 00; XX Family (medium winter), 5 50a5 75; XXX Bakers' (Minnesota), 6 25a6 50; XX Bakers' (Wisconsin), 6 00a6 25; Cornmeal, 85a90c., in paper; Oatmeal—medium brand—7 25a7 50 per bbl.; Fancy, 7 75a8 00. Rye Flour, 4 50a4 75 Buckwheat flour, 3½a3¾.

HAY—Prime Timothy, baled, at 15 00a15 00 per ton; Prime new, Loose, 12 00a15 00; Prairie, 9 00a10 00.

WHEAT—Prime Red Winter, 95a1 00; Old 1 15.

CORN—High Mixed Shelled, 69a70; Yellow, Shelled, 60a65; Ear Corn, 59a60.

OATS—43a44.

PROVISIONS AND LIVE STOCK.

PROVISIONS—Ex. S. C. Hams, per lb. 13¾c.; Ex. S. C. Shoulders, 9¾c.; Ex. S. C. Breakfast Bacon, 13½c.; Ex. S. C. Dried Beef, in sets, 12½c.; Beef Tongues, per doz., 7 00; Lard, Refined, summer use, in tierces, 11¼c.; do., in half bbls. 11¾c.; do., in buckets, 12¼c.; do., 3 lb. pails, 60 lbs. in case, 13c.; do., 5 lb. pails, 12¾c.; do. in 6 lb. pails, 12¾c.; do. in 10 lb. pails, 12¾c.

CATTLE—Fair to Prime Shipping, 5 75a6 25; Common to Good Butchering, 5 00a5 50; Bulls and Fat Cows, 3 50a4 50; Veals, 6 50a7 50

SHEEP—Common to Fair, 3 50a4 00; Good to Prime, 4 50a5 50; Lambs, 4 50a6 00.

HOGS—Philadelphia Hogs, 6 50a6 60; Good Corn Fed Yorkers, 6 25a6 45; Grassers, 5 00a5 50.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, January 16, 1883.

Wheat—No. 1, per bushel		$1 00
Wheat—No. 2,		90
Wheat—No. 3,		80
Rye per bushel		70
Corn		60
Corn (shelled)		65
Oats		45
Cloverseed, fair to good	6 50 to 7 00	
do prime to extra prime	7 50 to 7 75	
do choice	8 00	
Flour, retail, per barrel		6 00
Flour, wholesale		5 75
Buckwheat		50

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$15 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	13 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@ 8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 7 00
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	9 0

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	7
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	25
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	30
Chickens per piece	25
Cheese per pound	18
Country hams per pound	15
Hams, sugar cured	19
Country Bacon	15
Lard per pound	12½
Eggs per doz	30
Potatoes per bushel, new	90
Dried beef	22
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	12½
Lemons per doz	45
Dried sweet corn per pound	12½